

## Term Information

Effective Term Autumn 2023  
*Previous Value* Spring 2021

## Course Change Information

### What change is being proposed? (If more than one, what changes are being proposed?)

Request to be part of Sustainability GE and updates to expected learning outcomes to meet requirements; increase in credit hours from 3 to 4, addition of lab section; addition of all campuses as available offerings as required by new GE; course number has been updated as requested.

### What is the rationale for the proposed change(s)?

To align with the new GE

### What are the programmatic implications of the proposed change(s)?

(e.g. program requirements to be added or removed, changes to be made in available resources, effect on other programs that use the course)?

n/a

Is approval of the request contingent upon the approval of other course or curricular program request? No

Is this a request to withdraw the course? No

## General Information

Course Bulletin Listing/Subject Area Agricul Envrmtl & Develop Econ  
Fiscal Unit/Academic Org Agric, Envrmtl & Devlp Econ - D1114  
College/Academic Group Food, Agric & Environ Science  
Level/Career Undergraduate  
Course Number/Catalog 2501  
*Previous Value* 2500  
Course Title Introduction to Sustainability  
Transcript Abbreviation Intro Sustainbly  
Course Description Introduces students to principles from various disciplines related to social, economic and environmental sustainability. Students will evaluate key concepts and examine tradeoffs that are a part of sustainability action using case studies representing diverse perspectives.  
Semester Credit Hours/Units Fixed: 4  
*Previous Value* Fixed: 3

## Offering Information

Length Of Course 14 Week, 12 Week, 8 Week, 7 Week, 6 Week, 4 Week  
Flexibly Scheduled Course Never  
Does any section of this course have a distance education component? Yes  
Is any section of the course offered 100% at a distance  
Greater or equal to 50% at a distance  
Less than 50% at a distance  
Grading Basis Letter Grade  
Repeatable No  
Course Components Laboratory, Lecture  
*Previous Value* Lecture  
Grade Roster Component Lecture

**COURSE CHANGE REQUEST**  
2501 - Status: PENDING

Last Updated: Osborne, Jeanne Marie  
09/09/2022

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Credit Available by Exam	No
Admission Condition Course	No
Off Campus	Never
Campus of Offering	Columbus, Lima, Mansfield, Marion, Newark, Wooster
<i>Previous Value</i>	<i>Columbus</i>

## Prerequisites and Exclusions

Prerequisites/Corequisites	Prereq: Soph standing, or permission of instructor.
Exclusions	Not open to students with credit for ENR 2501.
<i>Previous Value</i>	
Electronically Enforced	Yes

## Cross-Listings

Cross-Listings	Cross-listed in ENR.
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## Subject/CIP Code

Subject/CIP Code	01.0103
Subsidy Level	Baccalaureate Course
Intended Rank	Sophomore, Junior, Senior

## Requirement/Elective Designation

Required for this unit's degrees, majors, and/or minors  
Sustainability  
The course is an elective (for this or other units) or is a service course for other units

### *Previous Value*

*Required for this unit's degrees, majors, and/or minors*  
*The course is an elective (for this or other units) or is a service course for other units*

## Course Details

**Course goals or learning objectives/outcomes**

- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.
- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Define the concepts of “justice”, “power” and “inequality”, and explain how they shape our understanding of sustainability as well as our understanding of how sustainability efforts can have different impacts on different communities
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

**Previous Value**

- *Recall and critically assess various definitions of sustainability and sustainable development*
- *Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.*
- *Describe how a scientific approach is important for examining the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals*
- *Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability.*
- *Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others*
- *Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and hinder achievement of a sustainable society.*
- *Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales.*
- *Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability.*

**Content Topic List**

- Overview of the Anthropocene & Introduction to Sustainability: General overview, definitions and key concepts
- Economic and business concepts and overview of development, poverty, community & inequality
- Population and consumption
- Economic and Business perspectives on consumption
- Social, psychological, and anthropological perspectives on why we consume
- How can we consume more sustainably?
- Sustainability and Water
- The economics of water quality and quantity
- Water and community development
- Water and international development
- Business and Water
- Introduction to Climate/Energy
- Climate/Energy - economics and business
- Climate/Energy and international development
- Climate/energy and communities
- Trends in biodiversity
- Biodiversity and sustainable development
- Communities and Conservation
- Biodiversity and community development
- Biodiversity and economics
- Synthesis and integration – returning to the pillars of sustainability

**Previous Value**

- *Introduction to Sustainability I:*  
*General overview, definitions and key concepts*
- *Introduction to Sustainability II – Economic and business concepts and overview of development*
- *Introduction to consumption and why we consume*
- *Business perspectives on consumption*  
*How can we consume more sustainably?*
- *Introduction to Water*  
*The economics of water quality and quantity*
- *Water, communities and international development*
- *Business and Water*
- *Introduction to Climate/Energy*  
*Climate/Energy - economics and business*
- *Climate/Energy and international development*
- *Introduction to biodiversity and sustainable community development*
- *Biodiversity and international development*
- *Biodiversity and economics*

**Sought Concurrence**

No

**COURSE CHANGE REQUEST**  
2501 - Status: PENDING

Last Updated: Osborne, Jeanne Marie  
09/09/2022

**Attachments**

- Cover letter for ENR 2501 GE submission.docx  
*(Cover Letter. Owner: Zimmerman, Kathleen D)*
- ENR\_AEDE\_2501\_interdisciplinary-team-taught-inventory.pdf  
*(Other Supporting Documentation. Owner: Zimmerman, Kathleen D)*
- ENR\_AEDE 2501\_Distance Approval Cover Sheet\_For Online Section.docx  
*(Other Supporting Documentation. Owner: Zimmerman, Kathleen D)*
- ENR\_AEDE 2501\_Distance Approval Cover Sheet\_in person offering (1).docx  
*(Other Supporting Documentation. Owner: Zimmerman, Kathleen D)*
- ENR\_AEDE\_2501\_GE\_Sustainability Theme.pdf  
*(Other Supporting Documentation. Owner: Zimmerman, Kathleen D)*
- IN\_PERSON\_ENR\_AEDE 2501\_Syllabus for GE approval\_R1.docx  
*(Syllabus. Owner: Zimmerman, Kathleen D)*
- ONLINE\_ENR\_AEDE 2501\_Syllabus for GE approval\_R1.docx  
*(Syllabus. Owner: Zimmerman, Kathleen D)*

**Comments**

- Please see Panel feedback email sent 04/08/2022. *(by Hilty, Michael on 04/08/2022 02:24 PM)*
- Revise as per COAA via email message 7 February 2022
  
- Revise as per email 28 January 2022 *(by Osborne, Jeanne Marie on 02/07/2022 03:57 PM)*
- Sara Fries submitted on behalf of ENR. *(by Zimmerman, Kathleen D on 01/24/2022 01:52 PM)*

**Workflow Information**

Status	User(s)	Date/Time	Step
Submitted	Zimmerman, Kathleen D	01/24/2022 01:53 PM	Submitted for Approval
Approved	Roe, Brian Eric	01/24/2022 02:05 PM	Unit Approval
Revision Requested	Osborne, Jeanne Marie	01/28/2022 10:53 AM	College Approval
Submitted	Zimmerman, Kathleen D	02/03/2022 02:49 PM	Submitted for Approval
Approved	Roe, Brian Eric	02/03/2022 02:56 PM	Unit Approval
Revision Requested	Osborne, Jeanne Marie	02/07/2022 03:57 PM	College Approval
Submitted	Zimmerman, Kathleen D	02/11/2022 03:09 PM	Submitted for Approval
Approved	Roe, Brian Eric	02/11/2022 03:17 PM	Unit Approval
Approved	Osborne, Jeanne Marie	02/11/2022 03:23 PM	College Approval
Revision Requested	Hilty, Michael	04/08/2022 02:24 PM	ASCCAO Approval
Submitted	Zimmerman, Kathleen D	09/09/2022 02:39 PM	Submitted for Approval
Approved	Roe, Brian Eric	09/09/2022 02:39 PM	Unit Approval
Approved	Osborne, Jeanne Marie	09/09/2022 04:33 PM	College Approval
Pending Approval	Cody, Emily Kathryn Jenkins, Mary Ellen Bigler Hanlin, Deborah Kay Hilty, Michael Vankeerbergen, Bernadette Chantal Steele, Rachel Lea	09/09/2022 04:33 PM	ASCCAO Approval

Dear Dr. Conroy and Panel Members,

We would like to thank the Sustainability Theme Panel of the ASC Curriculum Committee for their feedback on the materials for our 4-credit, High-Impact Practice: Interdisciplinary Team-Teaching course proposal for AEDE/ENR 2501 – *Introduction to Sustainability*. We have made the changes to the syllabus and have clarified how the course is structured to meet the team-teaching requirement. In addition to the syllabus for the in-person offering of the course, we have provided a syllabus for an online offering as well as a syllabus for an honors embedded section of the course.

Our responses to each of the suggested that the panel made can be found below in [blue](#) following the panel's original comment.

- The reviewing faculty were excited by this course but would like to see some additional changes be implemented into the proposal. They would like to see the course readings for the first two weeks and would like the labs and course readings integrated into the course schedule to help students understand the connections amongst the sustainability topics that are engaging the GE Theme category.

[Thank you for this suggestion. We included readings for lectures and labs throughout the semester. We also identified the topic and provided a brief summary and the assigned readings for labs within the main course schedule. We decided to keep the full description for lab sections separate because fully integrating those descriptions would have made the course schedule overwhelming for students. We have also indicated which GE ELOs are met with each lecture, lab period, and main assignment.](#)

- The reviewing faculty would like to see the language of introductory/foundational removed from the syllabus, as GE Themes courses are meant to be advanced study courses within a topic.

[We have removed all such language from the syllabus. In addition, we added a short paragraph and table indicating the degree to which this course addresses the six dimensions of sustainability for each of the four main topics.](#)

- Additionally, they noticed that most materials students will be reviewing are “popular media” (such as NY Times articles, podcasts, YouTube videos, etc.) and ask that more information on the academic materials that students will be engaging with to make this an advanced study course be provided within the course syllabus.

[Now that we have added the full list of readings, you will see that students are required to read at least one peer-reviewed paper or academic book chapter for most class sessions and that the same is true for many lab sessions and associated homework assignments](#)

- The reviewing faculty are not convinced that the Team-teaching requirement is met within the course syllabus and requests that the team-teaching aspect be further integrated within the

course. Specifically, they ask that more synchronous co-teaching elements be explained or integrated within the course.

The proposed course is a modification of a course that the instructors have been teaching for ten years. Our approach to team teaching is somewhat unique in that we both contribute to every class session. Although there is a lead instructor for the day, we are very intentional about having portions of each class session in which class discussions involve both instructors, and for which student questions are addressed by both instructors. In this way, students see in real time, the variation in how sustainability issues are framed, conceptualized, and addressed as well as gain an understanding of how and why individuals may disagree on the value and potential outcomes of particular approaches to solving sustainability challenges.

In addition to this structure, our approach to the laboratory sections is to have instructors rotate through sections from one week to the next. We will spend the first ~15-20 minutes of each lab section providing a recap of the previous weeks' topic. This will expose students to different ways of thinking about each topic. To capture this approach, we have added the following language to the syllabus.

We have added a "Co-teaching" section under "How This Course Works" as follows:

**"Co-Teaching:** To ensure that students are exposed to the multi-disciplinary nature of sustainability, this course is co-taught by instructors with different disciplinary backgrounds and training. One instructor, affiliated with AEDE, is an Environmental Economist who also has training in business administration and conducts research on forest cover, land use change, and climate change. The other instructor, affiliated with SENR, is a Sustainability Scientist, with a focus on social-ecological systems and an interdisciplinary background that was shaped by collaborating with anthropologists, conservation biologists, political scientists, economists, sociologists, and psychologists. The course is designed such that the instructors provide multiple perspectives on each of the core topics covered during the semester. Most importantly, however, both instructors are present for all lectures. While there is a lead instructor for each lecture period, both instructors prompt, and contribute to, class discussions so that students see, in real-time, the variation in how different disciplines may frame, explain, and develop solutions to sustainability challenges. For instance, instructors with different disciplinary backgrounds will have different responses to the following questions that are introduced in class:

- Is there a standard definition of "sustainability" or "sustainable development" in your discipline? If so, what is it?
- How does your discipline view the relationship between consumption, consumerism, and well-being?
- What are the most effective strategies and/or policies for addressing climate change in different contexts?
- Describe the factors that have shaped conflicts and cooperation related to water use and management in different contexts.

- What are the pros and cons of emphasizing technological solutions for addressing water scarcity and climate change as opposed to social, cultural, or behavioral solutions?
- What are the most appropriate tools for understanding how different stakeholders value natural resources and biodiversity conservation?
- Etc...

In addition, the instructors and TAs will rotate through lab sections and will spend the first 15 minutes of each lab section re-capping the previous weeks' topic and sharing a contrasting perspective.

Furthermore, we have added the following text just before the full description of laboratory sections:

**“Please note that the instructors will rotate among lab sections so you will have a different instructor, and gain a different point of view, each week.”**

Thank you all for the constructive feedback!

Sincerely,

Jeremy and Brent



# ENR / AEDE 2501

Introduction to Sustainability Fall 2023

## Course Information

- **Course times and location:**
  - Lectures: Tuesdays and Thursdays, 12:45 pm – 2:05pm.
  - Laboratory: 2 hours, 1x per week; See section in which you are enrolled for meeting time
- **Credit hours:** 4
- **Mode of delivery:**
  - Lectures: In person
  - Laboratory: In person unless enrolled in an online section (synchronous)

## Instructors

- **Name:** Jeremy Brooks
- **Email:** [brooks.719@osu.edu](mailto:brooks.719@osu.edu)
- **Phone Number:** 614-292-9786
- **Office location:** 469D Kottman Hall
- **Office hours:** TBD
  
- **Name:** Brent Sohngen
- **Email:** [sohngen.1@osu.edu](mailto:sohngen.1@osu.edu)
- **Phone Number:** 614-688-4640
- **Office location:** 322 Ag Admin Bldg
- **Office hours:** TBD
- **Preferred means of communication:**
  - Our preferred method of communication for questions is **email**.
  - Our class-wide communications will be sent through the Announcements tool in CarmenCanvas. Please check your [notification preferences](https://go.osu.edu/canvas-notifications) (go.osu.edu/canvas-notifications) to be sure you receive these messages.

## Teaching Assistant

- **Name:** TBD; **Email:** TBD; **Recitation times:** TBD



## Course Prerequisites

Sophomore standing, or permission of instructor.

## Course Description

Catalog description: Introduces students to principles from various disciplines related to social, economic and environmental sustainability. Students will evaluate key concepts and examine tradeoffs that are a part of sustainability action using case studies representing diverse perspectives.

This course integrates principles from various disciplines that are related to social, economic, and environmental sustainability. Students will evaluate key concepts and examine tradeoffs that are a part of sustainability action using case studies representing sustainability challenges that can be viewed from numerous perspectives. This course is designed to integrate theories, concepts, and approaches from multiple disciplines to expose students to the diversity of ways that sustainability challenges can be conceptualized, framed, and addressed.

## Goals

Sustainability requires knowledge of human and natural systems and the skills to manage change and think holistically across scales in time and space. The course reinforces important skills and concepts that are necessary for a fruitful career in sustainability and for critically evaluating key concepts and popular discourse. The primary goals of this course are to (1) develop the foundational knowledge and skills that students will require to grasp the multi-dimensional and multi-disciplinary nature of sustainability (2) examine sustainability concepts and perspectives from different disciplines and (3) discuss the tradeoffs that are often a part of sustainability thinking, planning, and action. Having co-instructors from different disciplinary backgrounds contributes to the first two goals. The course also provides students with a common framework for additional sustainability-oriented courses offered across campus. Students will synthesize some of the fundamental principles, concepts, and knowledge from ecology and environmental science, economics and business, community and international development and sustainability science. Because sustainability can be laden with ideological thinking that can sometimes cloud important issues and avenues for advancement, we will employ a scientific perspective to examine the obstacles and opportunities for social, economic, and environmental sustainability.

OSU's Sustainability Education and Learning Committee identified six dimensions of sustainability to categorize the content of sustainability programs and courses. Each of the four main topic areas for this course addresses each of the six dimensions to different degrees as illustrated by the table below:

<b>Six Dimensions</b>	Human – natural systems	Environmental & earth systems	Economy & governance	Society & culture	Engineering, technology, & design	Health & Well-being
Consumption						
Water						
Climate / Energy						
Biodiversity						

<b>Most emphasis / depth</b>					<b>Least emphasis / depth</b>
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## Learning Outcomes

By the end of this course, students should successfully be able to:

- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.
- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Define the concepts of “justice”, “power” and “inequality”, and explain how they shape our understanding of sustainability as well as our understanding of how sustainability efforts can have different impacts on different communities
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

## General Education Expected Learning Outcomes

As part of the **Sustainability Theme** of the General Education curriculum, this course addresses the following goals:

1. Successful students will analyze sustainability at a more advanced and in-depth level than in the Foundations component.
2. Successful students will integrate approaches to sustainability by making connections to out-of- classroom experiences with academic knowledge or across disciplines and/or to work they have done in previous classes and that they anticipate doing in future.

3. Successful students will analyze and explain how social and natural systems function, interact and evolve over time; how human well-being depends on these interactions; how actions have impacts on subsequent generations and societies globally; and how human values, behaviors and institutions impact multifaceted potential solutions across time.

As part of the **Sustainability Theme** of the General Education curriculum, this course is designed to prepare students to:

- 1.1 Engage in critical and logical thinking about the topic or idea of sustainability
- 1.2 Engage in an advanced, in-depth, scholarly exploration of the topic or idea of sustainability
  - 2.1 Identify, describe, and synthesize approaches or experience as they apply to sustainability
  - 2.2 Demonstrate a developing sense of self as a learner through reflection, self-assessment and creative work, building on prior experiences to respond to new and challenging contexts.
- 3.1 Describe elements of the fundamental dependence of humans on Earth and environmental systems, and on the resilience of those systems
- 3.2 Describe, analyze, and critique the roles and impacts of human activity and technology on both human society and the natural world, in the past, present, and future
- 3.3 Devise informed and meaningful responses to problems and arguments in the area of sustainability based on the interpretation of appropriate evidence and an explicit statement of values

This course fulfills these learning outcomes by requiring students to synthesize material from several disciplines across the natural and social sciences so that they develop a holistic and integrative perspective on sustainability and sustainable development. More specifically, the course integrates perspectives from economics, business, and multiple social science disciplines (e.g., sociology, anthropology, psychology, geography, political science) that contribute to sustainable business practices as well as the research on, and practice of, sustainable community and international development. The course is taught from a systems perspective, encouraging students to examine how ecological systems, social systems, and the economy interact. Assessments include combination of lecture material, class discussions, lab section discussions, exam and quiz questions, class activities, and homework assignments.

## How This Course Works

**Mode of delivery:** We will meet in person for lectures twice a week (Tuesdays and Thursdays) for 80 minutes. In addition, you will attend a two-hour laboratory section once a week. Lab sections will meet in person or online depending on the section in which you enrolled. The online lab section will be synchronous

**Co-Teaching:** To ensure that students are exposed to the multi-disciplinary nature of sustainability, this course is co-taught by instructors with different disciplinary backgrounds and training. One instructor, affiliated with AEDE, is an Environmental Economist who also has training in business administration and conducts research on forest cover, land use change, and climate change. The other instructor, affiliated with SENR, is a Sustainability Scientist, with a focus on social-ecological systems and an interdisciplinary background that includes a mix of conservation biology and various social science discp, conservation biologists, political scientists, economists, sociologists, and psychologists. The course is designed such that the instructors provide multiple perspectives on each of the core topics covered during the semester. Most importantly, however, both instructors are present for all lectures. While there is a lead instructor for each lecture period, both instructors prompt, and contribute to, class discussions so that students see, in real-time, the variation in how different disciplines may frame, explain, and develop solutions to sustainability challenges. For instance, instructors with different disciplinary backgrounds will have different responses to the following questions that are introduced in class:

- Is there a standard definition of “sustainability” or “sustainable development” in your discipline? If so, what is it?
- How does your discipline view the relationship between consumption, consumerism, and well-being?
- What are the most effective strategies and/or policies for addressing climate change in different contexts?
- Describe the factors that have shaped conflicts and cooperation related to water use and management in different contexts.
- What are the pros and cons of emphasizing technological solutions for addressing water scarcity and climate change as opposed to social, cultural, or behavioral solutions?
- What are the most appropriate tools for understanding how different stakeholders value natural resources and biodiversity conservation?
- Etc...

In addition, the instructors and TAs will rotate through lab sections and will spend the first 15 minutes of each lab section re-capping the previous weeks' topic and sharing a contrasting perspective.

**Credit hours and work expectations:** This is a 4 credit-hour course. According to [Ohio State bylaws on instruction](https://www.ohio-state.edu/credit-hours/) (go.osu.edu/credit hours), students should expect around 5 hours per week of time spent on direct instruction (instructor content, laboratory exercises, and Carmen activities, for example) in addition to 7-8 hours of homework (reading and assignment preparation, for example) to receive a grade of [C] average.

**Attendance and participation requirements:** Research shows that regular participation is one of the highest predictors of success. With that in mind, we expect that students will attend lecture and lab sections and regularly contribute to class discussions.

# Course Materials, Fees and Technologies

## Required Materials and/or Technologies

- There is no required textbook and there are no required technologies beyond those that are necessary for logging into the course website on Carmen

## Required Equipment

- **Computer:** current Mac (MacOS) or PC (Windows 10) with high-speed internet connection.
- **Webcam:** built-in or external webcam, fully installed and tested
- **Microphone:** built-in laptop or tablet mic or external microphone
- **Other:** a mobile device (smartphone or tablet) to use for BuckeyePass authentication

If you do not have access to the technology you need to succeed in this class, review options for [technology and internet access](https://go.osu.edu/student-tech-access) (go.osu.edu/student-tech-access).

## Required Software

**Microsoft Office 365:** All Ohio State students are now eligible for free Microsoft Office 365. Visit the [installing Office 365](https://go.osu.edu/office365help) (go.osu.edu/office365help) help article for full instructions.

## CarmenCanvas Access

You will need to use [BuckeyePass](https://buckeyepass.osu.edu) (buckeyepass.osu.edu) multi-factor authentication to access your courses in Carmen. To ensure that you are able to connect to Carmen at all times, it is recommended that you do each of the following:

- Register multiple devices in case something happens to your primary device. Visit the [BuckeyePass - Adding a Device](https://go.osu.edu/add-device) (go.osu.edu/add-device) help article for step-by-step instructions.
- Request passcodes to keep as a backup authentication option. When you see the Duo login screen on your computer, click **Enter a Passcode** and then click the **Text me new codes** button that appears. This will text you ten passcodes, good for 365 days, that can each be used once.
- [Install the Duo Mobile application](https://go.osu.edu/install-duo) (go.osu.edu/install-duo) on all of your registered devices for the ability to generate one-time codes in the event that you lose cell, data, or Wi-Fi service.

If none of these options will meet the needs of your situation, you can contact the IT Service Desk at [614-688-4357 \(HELP\)](tel:614-688-4357) and IT support staff will work out a solution with you.

## Technology Skills Needed for This Course

- Basic computer and web-browsing skills
- [Navigating CarmenCanvas](https://go.osu.edu/canvasstudent) (go.osu.edu/canvasstudent)



- [CarmenZoom virtual meetings](https://go.osu.edu/zoom-meetings) (go.osu.edu/zoom-meetings)
- [Recording a slide presentation with audio narration and recording, editing and uploading video](https://go.osu.edu/video-assignment-guide) (go.osu.edu/video-assignment-guide)

## Technology Support

For help with your password, university email, CarmenCanvas, or any other technology issues, questions or requests, contact the IT Service Desk, which offers 24-hour support, seven days a week.

- **Self Service and Chat:** [go.osu.edu/it](https://go.osu.edu/it)
- **Phone:** [614-688-4357 \(HELP\)](tel:614-688-4357)
- **Email:** [servicedesk@osu.edu](mailto:servicedesk@osu.edu)



# Grading and Faculty Response

How your grade is calculated

<b>Assignment category</b>	<b>Points</b>
Homework 1: “Six words” for sustainability	40
Homework 2: Driving patterns and consumption	40
Homework 3: Klamath basin dams	40
Homework 4: Corporate sustainability	40
Homework 5: GMOs, land use, and biodiversity	40
Homework 6: New ideas for sustainability	40
12 weekly quizzes (5 pts each)	60
Lab section assignments (7 assignments – 10 pts each)	70
Mid-term exam 1	50
Mid-Term exam 2	50
Final Exam	100
Participation in Lab Discussions	100
<b>Total</b>	<b>670</b>

See course schedule, below, for due dates.

## Descriptions of Major Course Assignments

### WRITTEN HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENTS

Six homework assignments will be provided during the term. These homework assignments focus on developing your critical thinking skills by providing you with an opportunity to apply the material learned in the modules to real world situations. These assignments are a combination of data analysis and written responses to questions/prompts that are provided as part of the assignment materials. See the course website for details and rubrics for each assignment.





**Academic integrity and collaboration:** Homework assignments are open book but must be completed individually and without the help of other individuals. You are encouraged to ask a trusted person to proofread your assignments before you turn them in but no one else should revise or rewrite your work. Plagiarized work will result in a grade of 0% and may be reported to Ohio State Academic Affairs.

## LABORATORY SECTION ASSIGNMENTS

On multiple occasions, written homework assignments will be discussed in lab sections. These assignments are a combination of data analysis and written responses to questions/prompts that are provided as part of the assignment materials. On the weeks when there is no written homework assignment, there will be short assignments (discussion questions, video submissions, etc.) that you will be required to submit at the beginning of lab. These short assignments will be used to demonstrate your understanding of the assigned reading, listening, or viewing materials as well as to initiate discussions and introduce you to the topic of that week's lab. Details for these assignments can be found in the laboratory section schedule below and on the Carmen site for the course.

**Academic integrity and collaboration:** Your laboratory section assignments should be your own original work. You are encouraged to ask a trusted person to proofread your assignments before you turn them in but no one else should revise or rewrite your work. Plagiarized work will result in a grade of 0% and may be reported to Ohio State Academic Affairs.

## PARTICIPATION IN LABORATORY DISCUSSIONS

Most lab sessions will include a discussion based on the written assignments that are submitted for that lab period and/or activities that are conducted in lab on that day. These discussions will be structured around questions/prompts that are provided by the instructors and/or by students. Students will be graded based on the quality and frequency of their participation in both small group and full-class discussions and their ability to demonstrate attributes of critical thinking about the focal topic of the day. In the event that a student has an excused absence during a lab section, they will be permitted to submit written responses to the discussion prompts that were used in class.



## WEEKLY QUIZZES

There are 12 timed and graded online quizzes during the term. They are required and will be due by 11:59pm on the Sunday of the week they are assigned. Quiz questions may consist of true/false, multiple choice and short answer questions. All quizzes will be taken online using Carmen and you will have 45 minutes to complete the quizzes. If you do not take the quiz before it closes, you will earn a grade of 0%. Quiz questions will come from lectures, reading material, or other materials (e.g., videos or podcasts) that are assigned for that week.

**Academic integrity and collaboration:** Each student must complete the quiz on her or his own. You are NOT permitted to receive assistance from anyone else during the quiz. You are NOT permitted to take a quiz as part of a group. You are on your honor to complete the quizzes on your own without help from another person. You ARE permitted to use notes, slides, calculator, textbook, journal articles, books, and Internet during the exam. Additional details will be provided during the semester.

## ONLINE EXAMS

There are 3 timed and graded online exams during the term. Examinations may consist of true/false, multiple choice, and short answer questions. All exams will be taken online using **Carmen**. Exams will be open on Carmen for approximately 24 hours and you can take the exam anytime during these 24 hours. You will be given 80 minutes to complete the exam. This is the typical time that would be allowed if the exam were given in a regular classroom setting. If you fail to complete the exam on Carmen before it closes you will earn a grade of 0%. A significant number of exam questions will come from material presented in lectures. Additional material will be drawn from the readings, videos, or other assigned materials. The final exam will be longer and comprehensive. Students will have additional time that matches the length of an in-person final exam period, to complete the final exam. Excuses for missing an exam must be presented to the instructors prior to the exam when at all possible.

**Academic integrity and collaboration:** Each student must complete the exam on her or his own. You are NOT permitted to receive assistance from anyone else during the exam. You are NOT permitted to take the exams as part of a group. You ARE permitted to use notes, slides, calculator, textbook, journal articles, books, and Internet during the exam. Additional details will be provided during the semester.

There are **NO make-up exams** except for valid reasons (e.g., medical excuse). If you are sick, you must have a note signed by your medical doctor (i.e. a licensed physician) and dated the same day as the exam and excusing you from the 24-hour period that the



exam is open. Otherwise, you will receive a 0 on the exam. The instructor will determine if your excuse is valid. If you do **not** have a reasonable excuse for missing an exam, then you will receive a zero for the exam. Approved make-up exams will consist of multiple choice, short-answer and essay questions.

## Late Assignments

Please refer to Carmen for due dates. To receive full credit, work must be turned-in on time and in condition to be evaluated. Late assignments will incur a deduction of 10% of the total point value for each 24-hour period that they are late (including weekends). Late assignments can be turned in for up to 7 days (including weekends) after they are due with the penalty described above. After that, students will receive a 0 for the assignment. Excuses for missed or late assignments – even valid ones – will not be accepted more than 7 days after the assignment due date.

Extenuating circumstances sometimes occur. Students who miss an assignment due to a legitimate reason (e.g., emergency, hospital visit, extended illness) should contact the instructors as soon as possible and provide documentation to request permission to make-up an assignment. Accommodations will be made on a case-by-case basis. If approved, the student will not be penalized for a late submission and the student must make up the missed assignment within a time frame specified by the instructor.

## Instructor Feedback and Response Time

I am providing the following list to give you an idea of my intended availability. Remember that you can call [614-688-4357 \(HELP\)](tel:614-688-4357) at any time if you have a technical problem.

- **Preferred contact method:** If you have a question, please contact either of us first through our Ohio State email addresses. One of us will reply to emails within **24 hours on days when class is in session at the university**.
- **Class announcements:** We will send all important class-wide messages through the Announcements tool in CarmenCanvas. Please check [your notification preferences](http://go.osu.edu/canvas-notifications) (go.osu.edu/canvas-notifications) to ensure you receive these messages.
- **Grading and feedback:** For assignments submitted before the due date, we will try to provide feedback and grades within **seven days**. Assignments submitted after the due date may have reduced feedback and grades may take longer to be posted.

## Grading Scale

93–100: A	80–82.9: B-	67–69.9: D+
90–92.9: A-	77–79.9: C+	60–66.9: D
87–89.9: B+	73–76.9: C	Below 60: E
83–86.9: B	70–72.9: C-	



# Other Course Policies

## Discussion and Communication Guidelines

The following are my expectations for how we should communicate as a class. Above all, please remember to be respectful and thoughtful.

- **Tone and civility:** Let's maintain a supportive learning community where everyone feels safe and where people can disagree amicably. Remember that sarcasm doesn't always come across online. I will provide specific guidance for discussions on controversial or personal topics.
- **Backing up your work:** Consider composing your academic posts in a word processor, where you can save your work, and then copying into the Carmen discussion.

## Ohio State's Academic Integrity Policy

Academic integrity is essential to maintaining an environment that fosters excellence in teaching, research, and other educational and scholarly activities. Thus, The Ohio State University and the Committee on Academic Misconduct (COAM) expect that all students have read and understand the University's Code of Student Conduct, and that all students will complete all academic and scholarly assignments with fairness and honesty. Students must recognize that failure to follow the rules and guidelines established in the University's Code of Student Conduct and this syllabus may constitute Academic Misconduct.

The Ohio State University's Code of Student Conduct (Section 3335-23-04) defines academic misconduct as: Any activity that tends to compromise the academic integrity of the University, or subvert the educational process. Examples of academic misconduct include (but are not limited to) plagiarism, collusion (unauthorized collaboration), copying the work of another student, and possession of unauthorized materials during an examination. Ignorance of the University's Code of Student Conduct is never considered an excuse for academic misconduct, so I recommend that you review the Code of Student Conduct and, specifically, the sections dealing with academic misconduct.

If I suspect that a student has committed academic misconduct in this course, I am obligated by University Rules to report my suspicions to the Committee on Academic Misconduct. If COAM determines that you have violated the University's Code of Student Conduct (i.e., committed academic misconduct), the sanctions for the misconduct could include a failing grade in this course and suspension or dismissal from the University.

If you have any questions about the above policy or what constitutes academic misconduct in this course, please contact me.

Other sources of information on academic misconduct (integrity) to which you can refer include:

- [Committee on Academic Misconduct](http://go.osu.edu/coam) (go.osu.edu/coam)



- [Ten Suggestions for Preserving Academic Integrity](https://go.osu.edu/ten-suggestions) (go.osu.edu/ten-suggestions)
- [Eight Cardinal Rules of Academic Integrity](https://go.osu.edu/cardinal-rules) (go.osu.edu/cardinal-rules)

## Copyright for Instructional Materials

The materials used in connection with this course may be subject to copyright protection and are only for the use of students officially enrolled in the course for the educational purposes associated with the course. Copyright law must be considered before copying, retaining, or disseminating materials outside of the course.

## Creating an Environment Free from Harassment, Discrimination, and Sexual Misconduct

The Ohio State University is committed to building and maintaining a community to reflect diversity and to improve opportunities for all. All Buckeyes have the right to be free from harassment, discrimination, and sexual misconduct. Ohio State does not discriminate on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity or expression, genetic information, HIV/AIDS status, military status, national origin, pregnancy (childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy, or recovery therefrom), race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, or protected veteran status, or any other bases under the law, in its activities, academic programs, admission, and employment. Members of the university community also have the right to be free from all forms of sexual misconduct: sexual harassment, sexual assault, relationship violence, stalking, and sexual exploitation.

To report harassment, discrimination, sexual misconduct, or retaliation and/or seek confidential and non-confidential resources and supportive measures, contact the Office of Institutional Equity:

1. Online reporting form at [equity.osu.edu](https://equity.osu.edu),
2. Call 614-247-5838 or TTY 614-688-8605,
3. Or Email [equity@osu.edu](mailto:equity@osu.edu)

The university is committed to stopping sexual misconduct, preventing its recurrence, eliminating any hostile environment, and remedying its discriminatory effects. All university employees have reporting responsibilities to the Office of Institutional Equity to ensure the university can take appropriate action:

- All university employees, except those exempted by legal privilege of confidentiality or expressly identified as a confidential reporter, have an obligation to report incidents of sexual assault immediately.
- The following employees have an obligation to report all other forms of sexual misconduct as soon as practicable but at most within five workdays of becoming aware of such information: 1. Any human resource professional (HRP); 2. Anyone who supervises faculty, staff, students, or volunteers; 3. Chair/director; and 4. Faculty member.

## Diversity Statement

The Ohio State University affirms the importance and value of diversity of people and ideas. We believe in creating equitable research opportunities for all students and to providing programs and curricula that

allow our students to understand critical societal challenges from diverse perspectives and aspire to use research to promote sustainable solutions for all. We are committed to maintaining an inclusive community that recognizes and values the inherent worth and dignity of every person; fosters sensitivity, understanding, and mutual respect among all members; and encourages each individual to strive to reach their own potential. The Ohio State University does not discriminate on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, gender identity or expression, genetic information, HIV/AIDS status, military status, national origin, race, religion, sex, gender, sexual orientation, pregnancy, protected veteran status, or any other bases under the law, in its activities, academic programs, admission, and employment.

To learn more about diversity, equity, and inclusion and for opportunities to get involved, please visit:

- <https://odi.osu.edu/>
- <https://odi.osu.edu/racial-justice-resources>
- <https://odi.osu.edu/focus-on-racial-justice>
- <http://mcc.osu.edu/>

In addition, this course adheres to **The Principles of Community** adopted by the College of Food, Agricultural, and Environmental Sciences. These principles are located on the Carmen site for this course; and can also be found at <https://go.osu.edu/principlesofcommunity>. For additional information on Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion in CFAES, contact the CFAES Office for Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (<https://equityandinclusion.cfaes.ohio-state.edu/>). If you have been a victim of or a witness to a bias incident, you can report it online and anonymously (if you choose) at <https://equity.osu.edu/>.

## Your Mental Health

As a student you may experience a range of issues that can cause barriers to learning, such as strained relationships, increased anxiety, alcohol/drug problems, feeling down, difficulty concentrating and/or lack of motivation. These mental health concerns or stressful events may lead to diminished academic performance or reduce a student's ability to participate in daily activities. The Ohio State University offers services to assist you with addressing these and other concerns you may be experiencing.

If you or someone you know are suffering from any of the aforementioned conditions, you can learn more about the broad range of confidential mental health services available on campus via the Office of Student Life's Counseling and Consultation Service (CCS) by visiting [ccs.osu.edu](https://ccs.osu.edu) or calling 614-292-5766. CCS is located on the 4th floor of the Younkin Success Center and 10th floor of Lincoln Tower. You can reach an on-call counselor when CCS is closed at 614-292-5766 and 24 hour emergency help is also available through the 24/7 by dialing 988 to reach the Suicide and Crisis Lifeline.

For students in the College of Food, Agricultural, and Environmental Sciences, David Wirt, [wirt.9@osu.edu](mailto:wirt.9@osu.edu), is the CFAES embedded mental health counselor on the Columbus campus. To contact David, please call 614-292-5766. Students should mention their affiliation with CFAES if interested in speaking directly with David.

## Disability Accommodations

The university strives to make all learning experiences as accessible as possible. In light of the current pandemic, students seeking to request COVID-related accommodations may do so through the university's request process, managed by Student Life Disability Services. If you anticipate or experience academic barriers based on your disability (including mental health, chronic, or temporary medical conditions), please let me know immediately so that we can privately discuss options. To establish reasonable accommodations, I may request that you register with Student Life Disability Services. After registration, make arrangements with me as soon as possible to discuss your accommodations so that they may be implemented in a timely fashion. SLDS contact information: [slds@osu.edu](mailto:slds@osu.edu); 614-292-3307; [slds.osu.edu](http://slds.osu.edu); 098 Baker Hall, 113 W. 12th Avenue.

### Disability Services Contact Information

- Phone: [614-292-3307](tel:614-292-3307)
- Website: [slds.osu.edu](http://slds.osu.edu)
- Email: [slds@osu.edu](mailto:slds@osu.edu)
- In person: [Baker Hall 098, 113 W. 12th Avenue](#)

### Accessibility of Course Technology

This online course requires use of CarmenCanvas (Ohio State's learning management system) and other online communication and multimedia tools. If you need additional services to use these technologies, please request accommodations as early as possible.

- [CarmenCanvas accessibility](http://go.osu.edu/canvas-accessibility) ([go.osu.edu/canvas-accessibility](http://go.osu.edu/canvas-accessibility))
- Streaming audio and video
- [CarmenZoom accessibility](http://go.osu.edu/zoom-accessibility) ([go.osu.edu/zoom-accessibility](http://go.osu.edu/zoom-accessibility))

# Course Schedule

- Information on assigned readings can be found on the Carmen site in the module for each week. Due dates for all assignments, discussions and quizzes will be clearly indicated on the Carmen site for the class. **Please see the table below this one for additional descriptions of lab activities and assignments.**

## LECTURE SCHEDULE

Week	Lectures	Topics and Assigned Reading / Listening / Viewing	Assignments & Quizzes
<b>SECTION I – INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND</b>			
1	Lect 1	Class overview and overview of the Anthropocene GE learning objectives 3.1, 3.2	
	Lect 2	What is sustainability? – definitions and perspectives  Gallopín, G. C. (2003). <i>A systems approach to sustainability and sustainable development</i> . ECLAC.  Robert, K. W., Parris, T. M., & Leiserowitz, A. A. (2005). What is sustainable development? Goals, indicators, values, and practice. <i>Environment: science and policy for sustainable development</i> , 47(3), 8-21.  GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.3	Weekly Quiz 1
<b>LAB 1 – Sustainability Graffiti and Introductions</b>			
<i>Students will get to know each other and describe the different ways you think about and prioritize aspects of sustainability and ways of addressing sustainability challenges</i>			
No assigned reading			
GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 2.2			
2	Lect 3	What is sustainability? – foundational concepts  Mann (2018) Can planet earth feed 10 billion people? The Atlantic.  Purvis et al. (2019). Three pillars of sustainability: in search of conceptual origins. <i>Sustainability</i> . 14:681-695	Homework 1: Six words for sustainability  GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2
	Lect 4	Introduction to economic and business concepts	Weekly Quiz 2



		<p>Chapter 1 in Esty, DC and AS Winston. 2006. <i>Green to Gold: How Smart Companies Use Environmental Strategy to Innovate, Create, and Build Competitive Advantage</i>. New York: Wiley</p> <p>Solow, R.M., 1991. Sustainability: an economist's perspective. J Seward Johnson Lecture at Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute. June 14, 1991.</p> <p>Chapter 12 in Langert, B. 2019. <i>The Battle to do Good: Inside McDonald's Sustainability Journey</i>. Emerald Group Publishing.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 3.1,</p>	Six words for sustainability comments due
<p><b>LAB 2 – Six Words for Sustainability</b></p> <p><i>Students will identify and discuss how they define and conceptualize “sustainability” and the lens through which they examine sustainability challenges and solutions</i></p> <p>See suggested reading for Homework 1</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 2.2</p>			
3	Lect 5	<p>Overview of development, poverty, community &amp; inequality</p> <p>Schafer, J., Haslam, P. A., &amp; Beaudet, P. (2009). Meaning, measurement, and morality in international development. <i>Introduction to international development: Approaches, actors, and issues</i>, 2-27.</p> <p>Green, G. P., &amp; Haines, A. (2016). The role of assets in community-based development. <i>Asset Building &amp; Community Development</i>; SAGE Publications, Inc.: New York, NY, USA, 1-31.</p> <p>Hobbes, M. (2014). The problem with international development—and a plan to fix it. <i>New Republic</i>. Available at: <a href="http://www.newrepublic.com/article/120178/probleminternational-development-and-plan-fix-it">http://www.newrepublic.com/article/120178/probleminternational-development-and-plan-fix-it</a>.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1</p>	
<p><b>SECTION II - CONSUMPTION</b></p>			
3	Lect 6	<p>Population and consumption</p> <p>Kates, R. W. (2000). Population and consumption: what we know, what we need to know. <i>Environment: Science and Policy for Sustainable Development</i>, 42(3), 10-19.</p> <p>Jahren, H. (2020). Chapter 2: Who we are. <i>The Story of More: How We Got to Climate Change and Where to Go from Here</i>. Hachette UK.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1</p>	Weekly Quiz 3

### LAB 3 – Measuring Progress

Students will compare, and contrast different ways that “progress” has been defined and measured and how this has contributed to current global problems, but may help guide solutions for more sustainable societies

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XAaNaJQVNoY>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sAtMqwh21Eo>

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zhWkTiMVWVI&feature=player\\_embedded](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zhWkTiMVWVI&feature=player_embedded)

<https://stories.council.science/stories-human-development/3/>

**Papers:** Van den Bergh, J. C. (2009). The GDP paradox. *Journal of economic psychology*, 30(2), 117-135.  
Costanza, R., Hart, M., Talberth, J., & Posner, S. (2009). Beyond GDP: The need for new measures of progress. *The pardee papers*.

Costanza, R., Kubiszewski, I., Giovannini, E., Lovins, H., McGlade, J., Pickett, K. E., ... & Wilkinson, R. (2014). Development: Time to leave GDP behind. *Nature*, 505(7483), 283-285.

Bleys, B. (2012). Beyond GDP: Classifying alternative measures for progress. *Social indicators research*, 109(3), 355-376.

GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.2, 3.3

4	Lect 7	<p>Econ and business perspectives on consumption I</p> <p>Fernholz, K. and Bowyer, J., 2015. The spectrum of forest usage: From livelihood support to large scale commercialization. In <i>Forests, Business and Sustainability</i> (pp. 21-40). Routledge.</p> <p>"Consumption" Britannica Online Eyclopedia</p> <p>Papola, J. "Think Consumption is the Engine of our Economy? Think Again. Forbes. 01/30/2013</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1</p>	
	Lect 8	<p>Econ and Business perspectives on consumption II</p> <p>Nordhaus, W.D., 2000. New directions in national economic accounting. <i>American Economic Review</i>, 90(2), pp.259-263.</p> <p>Pilling, D. Five Ways GDP gets it Totally Wrong as a Measure of Success. World Economic Forum. January 17, 2018.</p> <p>Wikipedia: Green Gross Domestic Product.</p>	Weekly Quiz 4

### LAB 4 – Work, Well-Being, and Consumption

Students will discuss the social and economic structures that shape our lives, how those structures impact our consumption patterns, and what this means for our well-being and sustainability in general

Listen to assigned Ezra Klein podcast with James Suzman:

<https://www.nytimes.com/2021/06/29/opinion/ezra-klein-podcast-james-suzman.html>

Watch the 21 hours video by NEF: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=580VyI6hFmo>

GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 2.2, 3.3

5	Lect 9	<p>Social, psychological, and anthropological perspectives on why we consume</p> <p>Wilk (2002) Consumption, human needs, and global environmental change." <i>Global environmental change</i> 12 (1): 5-13.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 2.1, 2.2, 3.2</p>	<p>Homework 2: Driving patterns and consumption</p> <p>GE learning objectives 2.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>
	Lect 10	<p>How can we consume more sustainably I?</p> <p>Parrique, T., Barth, J., Briens, F., Kuokkanen, A., &amp; Spangenberg, J. H. (2019). Evidence and arguments against green growth as a sole strategy for sustainability. <i>European Environmental Bureau</i>.</p> <p>Howarth, R. B. (2012). Sustainability, well-being, and economic growth. <i>Minding Nature</i>, 5(2), 32-39.</p> <p>Frank (2020): Spend more on society and get more for yourself. NY Times.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 2.1, 2.2, 3.2,</p>	Weekly Quiz 5
<p><b>LAB 5 – Systems thinking and Sustainable transportation</b></p> <p><i>Students will discuss multiple ways of fostering more sustainable forms of transportation and the systems, structures, and social, cultural, and economic tradeoffs that are associated with these solutions</i></p> <p><a href="https://mahb.stanford.edu/blog/systems-thinking-can-help-build-sustainable-world-beginning-conversation/">https://mahb.stanford.edu/blog/systems-thinking-can-help-build-sustainable-world-beginning-conversation/</a></p> <p>Smith, T. (2011). Using critical systems thinking to foster an integrated approach to sustainability: A proposal for development practitioners. <i>Environment, development and sustainability</i>, 13(1), 1-17.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 2.2, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
6	Lect 11	<p>How can we consume more sustainably II?</p> <p>GE learning objectives 2.1, 2.2, 3.2,</p>	
<p><b>SECTION III - WATER</b></p>			
6	Lect 12	<p>Sustainability and Water</p> <p>Braden, J.B. and Shortle, J.S., 2013. Agricultural sources of water pollution. In <i>Encyclopedia of Energy, Natural Resource and Environmental Economics</i>. (pp. 81-85). Elsevier.</p> <p>Earnhart, D., 2013. Water pollution from industrial sources. In <i>Encyclopedia of Energy, Natural Resource and Environmental Economics</i>. (pp. 114-120) Elsevier</p> <p>Anderson, T.L., Scarborough, B. and Watson, L.R., 2013. Water crises, water rights, and water markets. In <i>Encyclopedia of</i></p>	Weekly Quiz 6

		<p><i>Energy, Natural Resource and Environmental Economics.</i> (pp. 248-254) Elsevier Inc.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1</p>	
<p><b>LAB 6 – Economic Valuation and Natural Capital</b></p> <p><i>Students will use data to value natural capital on campus and evaluate tradeoffs between different policy scenarios related to infrastructure change</i></p> <p>Read report on Economic Value of Natural Areas in Ohio and view the YouTube video "How are countries Doing Natural Capital Accounting?"</p> <p><a href="https://aede.osu.edu/https%3A/aede.osu.edu/faculty-outreach/economic-value-natural-areas-ohio">https://aede.osu.edu/https%3A/aede.osu.edu/faculty-outreach/economic-value-natural-areas-ohio</a></p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sg-xu31Emws">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sg-xu31Emws</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
7	Lect 13	<p>The economics of water quality and quantity</p> <p>Same readings as Lecture 12.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1</p>	<p><b>Midterm Exam 1</b></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2</p>
	Lect 14	<p>Water and community development</p> <p>Doremus, H., &amp; Tarlock, A. D. (2003). Fish, farms, and the clash of cultures in the Klamath basin. <i>Ecology LQ</i>, 30, 279.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 3.1</p>	Weekly Quiz 7
<p><b>LAB 7 – Tradeoffs and Ecosystem Services</b></p> <p><i>Students will use multi-attribute utility theory to explore tradeoffs and describe how this tool can facilitate collective decision-making. Students will see how different stakeholders use and value water</i></p> <p>McGraw-Hill Environmental Case Study: "Sharing the Klamath"</p> <p>Section 1.3 on pages 1-61 to 1-68, including table 1.3-1, of US Department of Interior, Bureau of Reclamation. 2012. Benefit Cost and Regional Economic Development. Technical Report for the Secretarial Determination on Whether to Remove Four Dams on the Klamath River in California and Oregon</p> <p>News article from the High Country News (Aug, 27, 2021): Klamath River issues explained. <a href="https://www.hcn.org/articles/klamath-basin-confused-about-whats-happening-on-the-klamath-heres-a-rundown/print_view">https://www.hcn.org/articles/klamath-basin-confused-about-whats-happening-on-the-klamath-heres-a-rundown/print_view</a></p> <p>News article from Sacramento News and Review (June, 29, 2021): <a href="https://sacramento.newsreview.com/2021/06/29/hopes-for-imperiled-fish-rise-as-ferc-approves-transfer-of-klamath-river-dam-license/">https://sacramento.newsreview.com/2021/06/29/hopes-for-imperiled-fish-rise-as-ferc-approves-transfer-of-klamath-river-dam-license/</a></p>			



GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3			
8	Lect 15	Water and international development GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1	Homework 3: Klamath Dams  GE learning objectives 2.1, 2.2, 3.2, 3.3
<b>FALL BREAK</b>			
9	Lect 16	Business and Water  Sommer, A. and B. Sohngen. 2002. "Pricing the Environment: An Introduction." OSU Extension Fact Sheet.  Loomis, J. 1997. "Use of Non-Market Valuation Studies in Water Resources Management Assessments." Water Resources Update, Universities Council on Water Resources. Issue No. 109: Autumn 1997  Boccaletti, G, M Grobbel, and MR Stuchtey. 2009. The Business Opportunity in Water Conservation. McKinsey Quarterly. December 1, 2009.	
<b>LAB 8 – Life-cycle assessment</b>			
<i>Students will conduct a life-cycle assessment to explore the impacts of different products as well as how such assessments can impact consumption decision, supply chain decisions, and policies</i>			
Chapters 1 and 2 in Shaked, S., Crettaz, P., Saade-Sbeih, M., Jolliet, O. and Jolliet, A., 2015. <i>Environmental life cycle assessment</i> . CRC Press. (Pp. 1-21)			
Hoogmartens, R., Van Passel, S., Van Acker, K. and Dubois, M., 2014. Bridging the gap between LCA, LCC and CBA as sustainability assessment tools. <i>Environmental Impact Assessment Review</i> , 48, pp.27-33.			
GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3			
<b>SECTION IV – CLIMATE &amp; ENERGY</b>			
	Lect 17	Introduction to Climate/Energy  IPCC Working Group I. 2021. The Physical Science Basis. Summary for Policymakers.  BP. 2021. Energy Outlook. Pages 0-31:	Weekly Quiz 8



		<p>Nordhaus, William (2017): Integrated assessment models of climate change, NBER Reporter, National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER), Cambridge, MA, Iss. 3, pp. 16-20</p> <p>View this video on discounting (7:46)</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mol1yT7tczY">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mol1yT7tczY</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	
<p><b>LAB 9 – Metrics for corporate sustainability</b></p> <p><i>Students will critically evaluate corporate sustainability metrics and how they have evolved, describe recent improvements in sustainability accounting, and discuss what gaps remain</i></p> <p>Bernow, S., J. Godsall, B. Klempner, and C. Merten. 2019. More than values: The value-based sustainability reporting that investors want. McKinsey and Company. <a href="https://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/sustainability/our-insights/more-than-values-the-value-based-sustainability-reporting-that-investors-want">https://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/sustainability/our-insights/more-than-values-the-value-based-sustainability-reporting-that-investors-want</a></p> <p>2020 Business and ESG Report for The Coca-Cola Company. <a href="https://d1io3yog0oux5.cloudfront.net/cocacolacompany/files/pages/cocacolacompany/db/761/description/coca-cola-business-environmental-social-governance-report-2020+%282%29.pdf">https://d1io3yog0oux5.cloudfront.net/cocacolacompany/files/pages/cocacolacompany/db/761/description/coca-cola-business-environmental-social-governance-report-2020+%282%29.pdf</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
10	Lect 18	<p>Climate/Energy - economics and business</p> <p>Same as above</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	
	Lect 19	<p>Climate/Energy - economics and business</p> <p>Same as above.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	<p>Weekly Quiz 9</p> <p>Homework 4: Corporate sustainability</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.2, 3.3</p>
<p><b>LAB 10 – Indigenous rights, climate change, and REDD+</b></p> <p><i>Students will examine the governance challenges that accompany large-scale programs that address global climate change and describe the importance of property rights, land tenure, and land security</i></p> <p>Barbier, E. B., &amp; Tesfaw, A. T. (2012). Can REDD+ save the forest? The role of payments and tenure. <i>Forests</i>, 3(4), 881-895.</p> <p>Newton, P., Oldekop, J. A., Brodnig, G., Karna, B. K., &amp; Agrawal, A. (2016). Carbon, biodiversity, and livelihoods in forest commons: synergies, trade-offs, and implications for REDD+. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i>, 11(4), 044017.</p>			



<p>Andersson, K. P., Smith, S. M., Alston, L. J., Duchelle, A. E., Mwangi, E., Larson, A. M., ... &amp; Wong, G. Y. (2018). Wealth and the distribution of benefits from tropical forests: Implications for REDD+. <i>Land use policy</i>, 72, 510-522.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
11	Lect 20	<p>Climate/Energy and international development</p> <p>Larson, A. M., Brockhaus, M., Sunderlin, W. D., Duchelle, A., Babon, A., Dokken, T., ... &amp; Huynh, T. B. (2013). Land tenure and REDD+: The good, the bad and the ugly. <i>Global environmental change</i>, 23(3), 678-689.</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Z4TIC1ObUI">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Z4TIC1ObUI</a></p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FPFPUhsWMaQ">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FPFPUhsWMaQ</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	
	Lect 21	<p>Climate/energy and communities</p> <p>Leyden, K. M. (2003). Social capital and the built environment: the importance of walkable neighborhoods. <i>American journal of public health</i>, 93(9), 1546-1551.</p> <p>Anguelovski, I., Connolly, J. J., Pearsall, H., Shokry, G., Checker, M., Maantay, J., ... &amp; Roberts, J. T. (2019). Opinion: Why green "climate gentrification" threatens poor and vulnerable populations. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences</i>, 116(52), 26139-26143.</p> <p>Mock, B. (2019). Why Detroit residents pushed back against tree-planting. <i>Bloomberg CityLab</i>, 11.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	Weekly Quiz 10
<p><b>LAB 11 – Critical perspectives on technology for sustainability</b></p> <p><i>Students will think critically about the role of technology in addressing sustainability challenges and evaluate the pros and cons of technology and the social and cultural implications of technological change</i></p> <p>Listen to Ezra Klein Podcast with L.M. Sacasas on the 41 Questions we should ask of the technologies and tools that shape our lives.</p> <p><a href="https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/03/opinion/ezra-klein-podcast-lm-sacasas.html">https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/03/opinion/ezra-klein-podcast-lm-sacasas.html</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
<p><b>SECTION V – BIODIVERSITY</b></p>			
12	Lect 22	<p>Trends in biodiversity</p> <p><a href="https://f.hubspotusercontent20.net/hubfs/4783129/LPR/PDFs/ENGLISH-FULL.pdf">https://f.hubspotusercontent20.net/hubfs/4783129/LPR/PDFs/ENGLISH-FULL.pdf</a></p>	Midterm Exam 2



		GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2	GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2
		<b>VETERAN'S DAY</b>	
<b>LAB 12 – Community-based conservation</b> <i>After seeing community-based conservation and action, students will discuss the tension between biodiversity conservation and economic development, how the design, and impacts, of conservation programs are shaped by gender, and cultural variation in perspectives on wildlife and the environment</i> Watch the documentary “Milking the Rhino” (available through university libraries) GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3			
13	Lect 23	Biodiversity and sustainable development  Adams, W. M., Aveling, R., Brockington, D., Dickson, B., Elliott, J., Hutton, J., ... & Wolmer, W. (2004). Biodiversity conservation and the eradication of poverty. <i>science</i> , 306(5699), 1146-1149.  Gavin et al. (2018) Effective Biodiversity Conservation Requires Dynamic, Pluralistic, Partnership-Based Approaches. <i>Sustainability</i> . 10: 1845 – 1856  GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2	Homework 5: New ideas for sustainability ( <i>can be submitted at any time before this date</i> )
	Lect 24	Communities and Conservation  Roe, D. (2008). The origins and evolution of the conservation-poverty debate: a review of key literature, events, and policy processes. <i>Oryx</i> , 42(4), 491-503.  GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2	Weekly Quiz 11
<b>LAB 13 – Agriculture, biodiversity, and GMOs</b> <i>Students will examine how different stakeholders, at different scales of governance and decision-making, view the relationships - and weigh potential tradeoffs - between agricultural productivity and biodiversity in the context of GMOs</i>  Case Study for Chapter 14 in Duncan, Jancar-Webster, and Switky. 2009. World Politics in the 21 <sup>st</sup> Century. Student Choice Edition. New York: Houghton Mifflin. <a href="http://college.cengage.com/polisci/duncan/world_politics_sce/1e/assets/students/case/duncan_1e_case_ch14.pdf">http://college.cengage.com/polisci/duncan/world_politics_sce/1e/assets/students/case/duncan_1e_case_ch14.pdf</a>  Lappe, Anna. 2011. The Battle for Biodiversity: Monsanto and Farmers Clash. The Atlantic. March 28 2011. <a href="http://www.theatlantic.com/health/archive/2011/03/the-battle-for-biodiversity-monsanto-and-farmers-clash/73117/">http://www.theatlantic.com/health/archive/2011/03/the-battle-for-biodiversity-monsanto-and-farmers-clash/73117/</a>  Aldhous, P. 2008. Genes for Greens. New Scientist. January 5, 2008 <a href="https://www.newscientist.com/article/mg19726372-900-could-new-gm-crops-please-the-greens/">https://www.newscientist.com/article/mg19726372-900-could-new-gm-crops-please-the-greens/</a>			





<p>Hamblin, J. 2016. The Fading meaning of GMO. The Atlantic.  <a href="https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2016/05/plants-for-the-planet/483132/">https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2016/05/plants-for-the-planet/483132/</a></p> <p>Regis, E. 2019. "The True Story of the Genetically Modified Superfood that Almost Saved Millions" Foreign Policy. October 17, 2019. <a href="https://foreignpolicy.com/2019/10/17/golden-rice-genetically-modified-superfood-almost-saved-millions/#">https://foreignpolicy.com/2019/10/17/golden-rice-genetically-modified-superfood-almost-saved-millions/#</a></p> <p>Regis, E. 2019. "Golden rice could save children. Until now, governments have barred it." Washington Post. November 11, 2019. <a href="https://www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/2019/11/11/golden-rice-long-an-anti-gmo-target-may-finally-get-chance-help-children/">https://www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/2019/11/11/golden-rice-long-an-anti-gmo-target-may-finally-get-chance-help-children/</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
14	Lect 25	<p><b>Biodiversity and community development</b></p> <p>Brooks, J., Waylen, K. A., &amp; Mulder, M. B. (2013). Assessing community-based conservation projects: A systematic review and multilevel analysis of attitudinal, behavioral, ecological, and economic outcomes. <i>Environmental Evidence</i>, 2(1), 1-34.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	
<b>THANKSGIVING</b>			
15	Lect 26	<p><b>Biodiversity and economics</b></p> <p>Pearce, Fred. 2020. Parks vs. People: In Guatemala, Communities Take Best Care of the Forest. YaleEnvironment360: <a href="https://e360.yale.edu/features/parks-vs-people-in-guatemala-communities-take-best-care-of-the-forest">https://e360.yale.edu/features/parks-vs-people-in-guatemala-communities-take-best-care-of-the-forest</a> (Links to an external site.)</p> <p>Radwin, Max. 2019. Fire, cattle, cocaine: Deforestation spikes in Guatemalan national park. Mongabay. <a href="https://news.mongabay.com/2019/06/invaders-cattle-cocaine-deforestation-spikes-in-guatemalan-national-park/">https://news.mongabay.com/2019/06/invaders-cattle-cocaine-deforestation-spikes-in-guatemalan-national-park/</a> (Links to an external site.)</p> <p>Fortmann, L et al., 2017. Assessing the role of group heterogeneity in community forest concessions in Guatemala's Maya Biosphere Reserve. <i>Land Economics</i>. 93(3), pp.503-526. Download Fortmann, L et al., 2017. Assessing the role of group heterogeneity in community forest concessions in Guatemala's Maya Biosphere Reserve. <i>Land Economics</i>. 93(3), pp.503-526.</p> <p>Mukpo, Ashoka. 2021. The Brooklyn Bridge needs a makeover. Is rainforest lumber still in style? Mongabay. <a href="https://news.mongabay.com/2021/07/the-brooklyn-bridge-needs-a-makeover-but-is-rainforest-lumber-still-in-style/">https://news.mongabay.com/2021/07/the-brooklyn-bridge-needs-a-makeover-but-is-rainforest-lumber-still-in-style/</a> (Links to an external site.)</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	



	Lect 27	Biodiversity and economics Same readings	Weekly Quiz 12 Homework 6: GMOs and Biodiversity GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3
<b>LAB 14 – Revisiting our six words for sustainability</b>			
<i>Students will reflect on how their understandings, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability have changed throughout the semester</i>			
Re-read your original Six Words post and justification			
GE learning objectives 1.1, 2.2, 3.3			
16	Lect 28	Synthesis and integration – returning to the pillars of sustainability	
	Dec 14th	FINAL EXAM: 2:00 – 3:45 pm	

## LAB SECTION SCHEDULE

The laboratory component of this course is equivalent to 1-credit-hour. According to [Ohio State policy](#), students should expect to spend 2 hours per week in this laboratory. A student's 2-hour-work week includes direct instruction, taking notes, studying, readings, assignments, group work and completing labs. **Please note that the instructors will rotate among lab sections so you will have a different instructor, and gain a different point of view, each week.**

**For students in the online, synchronous lab section:** The activities and discussions outlined below will take place individually and in online discussion groups. Peer groups for online discussions will be created by using the Carmen Learning Management System to randomly divide enrolled students into groups of 4-5. Students maintain group membership throughout the semester, which helps to form community within the course.

Items labeled as "Class discussions" in the lab section descriptions below will function as a common discussion for all students in the online section. For items labeled as "Small groups", students in the online section will work with their online peer groups. **See the main course calendar above for indicators of which Sustainability GE Learning objectives are addressed in each lab.**

## Laboratory Topics, Activities, and Assessments

### LAB 1 – Sustainability Graffiti and Introductions

**Preparation:** No assigned materials

**Exercise:** Introductions and Sustainability Graffiti.

**Class discussion** - Students introduce themselves and discuss their backgrounds, interests, and perspectives on sustainability. Students then walk around the room and write responses to a set of up to 15 posted prompts.

**Small groups** will be assigned a prompt and must summarize and comment on the responses to that prompt. These summaries will be shared with the class.

**Evaluation:** Participation in discussion

#### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others

### LAB 2 – Six Words for Sustainability

**Preparation:** We want to hear what you think about sustainability before we get too far along in the course, so just clear your mind, and **Submit homework #1**

**Exercise: Class Discussion** of 6 six words assignment submissions. Students will present their six words and read their justification for the phrase they chose. As a class, students will compare, contrast and categorize the phrases – including a set of past student submissions - creating a conceptual map of the different perspectives on sustainability that have emerged.

**Small groups** of students will then link the phrases to the definitions, depictions and conceptualizations of sustainability that were introduced in lecture as well as the foundational pillars for the class.

**Evaluation:** Participation in discussion

#### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.



- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.

### LAB 3 – Measuring Progress

**Preparation:** Watch short video on Gross National Happiness in Bhutan (examples are linked below), re-read articles on alternative measures of GDP and submit a 1-minute video of critiques of GDP based on their own internet research.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XAaNaJQVNoY>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sAtMqwh21Eo>

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zhWkTiMVWVI&feature=player\\_embedded](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zhWkTiMVWVI&feature=player_embedded)

<https://stories.council.science/stories-human-development/3/>

**Papers:** Van den Bergh, J. C. (2009). The GDP paradox. *Journal of economic psychology*, 30(2), 117-135.  
Costanza, R., Hart, M., Talberth, J., & Posner, S. (2009). Beyond GDP: The need for new measures of progress. *The pardee papers*.

Costanza, R., Kubiszewski, I., Giovannini, E., Lovins, H., McGlade, J., Pickett, K. E., ... & Wilkinson, R. (2014). Development: Time to leave GDP behind. *Nature*, 505(7483), 283-285.

Bleys, B. (2012). Beyond GDP: Classifying alternative measures for progress. *Social indicators research*, 109(3), 355-376.

**Exercise: Small groups** of students will use longitudinal datasets provided by the instructors to compare and contrast GDP with alternative measures of development (where alternative measures (Human Development Index, Social Progress Index, Happy Planet Index, Gross National Happiness Index, etc.). Based on their exploration of the data, **small groups** must develop a list of pros and cons of using alternative measures as well as a summary of whether and how policy decisions would be different if based on these alternative measures.

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 1 (1 min video) and participation

#### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

#### LAB 4 – Work, Well-Being, and Consumption

**Preparation:** Listen to assigned Ezra Klein podcast with James Suzman:

<https://www.nytimes.com/2021/06/29/opinion/ezra-klein-podcast-james-suzman.html>

Watch the 21 hours video by NEF: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=580Vyl6hFmo>

After listening to, and viewing, the assigned podcast and video, individual students must submit three points of agreement and three points with which they disagree. Students must also submit three discussion questions.

**Exercise:** Based on materials submitted by the students, students will start in **small groups** discussing perspectives on work and employment in our society and the relationship between work, consumption and sustainability. Student groups will link their arguments to the 12 foundational pillars for the course paying special attention to *time, systems thinking, tradeoffs, the business drivers of sustainability, externalities, individual vs structural change, governance, power and inequality, and social dilemmas*. Student groups will discuss the implications of changes to normal work structures in our society.

**Class discussion:** Each group will summarize and present their discussion, which will precipitate a full class discussion

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 2 (discussion questions) and participation in discussion

#### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

#### LAB 5 – Systems thinking and Sustainable transportation

**Preparation:** Read the following

<https://mahb.stanford.edu/blog/systems-thinking-can-help-build-sustainable-world-beginning-conversation/>

Smith, T. (2011). Using critical systems thinking to foster an integrated approach to sustainability: A proposal for development practitioners. *Environment, development and sustainability*, 13(1), 1-17.

and **Submit homework #2** on CO2 emissions related transportation and driving behavior



**Exercise: Small groups** of students will discuss and critically evaluate responses to homework and link responses to the 12 foundational pillars for the course, paying special attention to *systems thinking, technology and efficiency vs behavioral change, externalities, time, tradeoffs, and individual vs structural change, and governance, power and inequality*. Small groups must then pick one of three modes of transportation for which they use data to calculate CO<sub>2</sub> emissions for Ohio residents and outline the tradeoffs associated with increasing the use of those modes of transportation: (i) electric vehicles, (ii) airplanes, (iii) rail (light and long-distance)

**Evaluation:** Participation in discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

### LAB 6 – Economic Valuation and Natural Capital

**Preparation:** Read report on Economic Value of Natural Areas in Ohio and view the YouTube video "How are countries Doing Natural Capital Accounting?"

<https://aede.osu.edu/https%3A/aede.osu.edu/faculty-outreach/economic-value-natural-areas-ohio>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sg-xu31Emws>

**Exercise:** During the lab, individual students will use the data provided in Carmen to value natural capital on campus (e.g., the Olentangy river corridor, grassed common areas, trees, retention ponds and water courses). The lab will include instructions on how to use a worksheet to value natural capital. In addition to valuing natural capital, students will be asked to consider a set of policy scenarios that change infrastructure on campus. They will be asked to evaluate the tradeoffs associated with the policy scenarios in terms of key university outputs (e.g., improvements to educational opportunities), environmental outputs as measured by natural capital, and social and equity outputs. Students will present the results of their analysis to the whole lab section and discuss the results.



**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 3 (written answers submitted at the end of the section) and participation in discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Describe a how a scientific approach is important for examining the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

## LAB 7 – Tradeoffs and Ecosystem Services

**Preparation:**

Read the following

McGraw-Hill Environmental Case Study: “Sharing the Klamath”

Section 1.3 on pages 1-61 to 1-68, including table 1.3-1 of US Department of Interior, Bureau of Reclamation. 2012. Benefit Cost and Regional Economic Development. Technical Report for the Secretarial Determination on Whether to Remove Four Dams on the Klamath River in California and Oregon

News article from the High Country News (Aug, 27, 2021): Klamath River issues explained. [https://www.hcn.org/articles/klamath-basin-confused-about-whats-happening-on-the-klamath-heres-a-rundown/print\\_view](https://www.hcn.org/articles/klamath-basin-confused-about-whats-happening-on-the-klamath-heres-a-rundown/print_view)

News article from Sacramento News and Review (June, 29, 2021): <https://sacramento.newsreview.com/2021/06/29/hopes-for-imperiled-fish-rise-as-ferc-approves-transfer-of-klamath-river-dam-license/>

**Submit homework #3** on tradeoffs over ecosystem services in the Klamath Basin.

**Exercise:** The homework will prepare students for the multi-attribute utility theory (MAUT) exercise that we will conduct during the laboratory session. The objective of the exercise is to show students how MAUT can be used effectively to identify opportunities for improved social outcomes when difficult and contentious tradeoffs exist between groups. We will focus on surface water allocation and removal of four dams in the upper part of the basin. Students were assigned a specific role when they did their homework (farmer, sport angler, commercial fishery, Native American in tribe with historical rights, and Audubon society member from Portland, Oregon), and they will work with other students in their role. Students will answer a series of questions about their objectives, their views on the outcomes associated with removing the dams, and how they rank the outcomes. The instructor will use the resulting information to quantify a preferred outcome or set of preferred outcomes based on the results. Students will then discuss, as a class, and critically evaluate



whether dams should be removed based on this assessment. The final discussion will include additional review of other approaches to collaborative decision-making.

**Evaluation:** Participation in lab work and discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

### LAB 8 – Life-cycle assessment

**Preparation:** Read the following

Chapters 1 and 2 in Shaked, S., Crettaz, P., Saade-Sbeih, M., Jolliet, O. and Jolliet, A., 2015. *Environmental life cycle assessment*. CRC Press. (Pp. 1-21)

Hoogmartens, R., Van Passel, S., Van Acker, K. and Dubois, M., 2014. Bridging the gap between LCA, LCC and CBA as sustainability assessment tools. *Environmental Impact Assessment Review*, 48, pp.27-33.

**Exercise:** Students will be assigned one of three products (ethanol, cardboard boxes, red meat) and spend the first part of the lab researching the product on the internet to find information on the life-cycle effects on carbon-equivalent emissions. Students will then team up with other students who assessed the same product and discuss about how life-cycle analysis can be used to influence consumption decisions, supply chain decisions, or policies that society adopts. Each group will present the results of their analysis and discussion to the rest of the group.

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 4 (life cycle analysis submission) and participation in discussion.

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.
- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level

### LAB 9 – Metrics for corporate sustainability





**Preparation:**

## Read

Bernow, S., J. Godsall, B. Klempner, and C. Merten. 2019. More than values: The value-based sustainability reporting that investors want. McKinsey and Company. <https://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/sustainability/our-insights/more-than-values-the-value-based-sustainability-reporting-that-investors-want>

2020 Business and ESG Report for The Coca-Cola Company.

<https://d1io3yog0oux5.cloudfront.net/cocacolacompany/files/pages/cocacolacompany/db/761/description/coca-cola-business-environmental-social-governance-report-2020+%282%29.pdf>

**Submit homework #4** on the Coca-Cola company corporate sustainability report (note that the specific company report will be rotated from year to year).

**Exercise:** In lab, students will evaluate the sustainability criteria/metrics that Coca-Cola reported and used. **Student groups** will work with each other to answer a series of questions about various outcomes in the report. The questions will ask students to report back on several pros and cons associated with each outcome or measurement. We will select a range sustainability goals, i.e., those that address equity and inclusion as well as environmental stewardship and students will be required to address pros and cons of each of them. Each group will then report out to the whole group for broader discussion.

**Evaluation:** Participation in discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level

### LAB 10 – Indigenous rights, climate change, and REDD+

**Preparation:** Read assigned articles, which supplement the reading and videos for lecture.

Referring to these papers as well as lecture material on payments for ecosystem services, create a list of three pros and three cons of using REDD+ as a tool for carbon sequestration as well as three discussion questions.

Barbier, E. B., & Tesfaw, A. T. (2012). Can REDD+ save the forest? The role of payments and tenure. *Forests*, 3(4), 881-895.

Newton, P., Oldekop, J. A., Brodnig, G., Karna, B. K., & Agrawal, A. (2016). Carbon, biodiversity, and livelihoods in forest commons: synergies, trade-offs, and implications for REDD+. *Environmental Research Letters*, 11(4), 044017.

Andersson, K. P., Smith, S. M., Alston, L. J., Duchelle, A. E., Mwangi, E., Larson, A. M., ... & Wong, G. Y. (2018). Wealth and the distribution of benefits from tropical forests: Implications for REDD+. *Land use policy*, 72, 510-522.

**Exercise:** Based on the assigned materials and written submissions, **small groups** will discuss the pros and cons of REDD+ and link this approach with the 12 foundational pillars for the class, playing special attention to *governance, power and inequality, systems thinking, and tradeoffs*. **Student groups** will then use data to calculate the impact on CO<sub>2</sub> levels and future climate change for one of three proposed strategies: (i) carbon sequestration through large-scale afforestation and forest management efforts (like REDD+), (ii) solar geoengineering, and (iii) technologically based carbon capture and sequestration. Each group will present their calculations and the class will discuss each approach.

**Evaluation:** **Lab assignment 5** (pros and cons list and discussion questions) and participation in discussion

### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

## LAB 11 – Critical perspectives on technology for sustainability

**Preparation:** **Submit homework #5** on sustainability innovations. Listen to Ezra Klein Podcast with L.M. Sacasas on the 41 Questions we should ask of the technologies and tools that shape our lives.

<https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/03/opinion/ezra-klein-podcast-lm-sacasas.html>

**Exercise:** Each student presents their innovation and associated write-up – students in the online section will submit 2–3-minute videos on Carmen. The class will discuss each innovation that has

been presented in light of the information provided in the podcast above as well as the foundational pillars from class. The class will also critically analyze innovations that have been submitted by previous classes

**Evaluation:** Homework submission and participation

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

### LAB 12 – Community-based conservation

**Preparation:** Watch the documentary “Milking the Rhino” (available through university libraries) and write 3 discussion questions.

**Exercise:** As individuals, students will respond to a set of discussion questions about the film, including ones submitted by their classmates. **Small groups** will then discuss their responses and critically evaluate community-based conservation and eco-tourism as strategies for biodiversity conservation. Groups will be asked to pay special attention to differences in cultural perspectives on wildlife, cross-cultural tensions created by eco-tourism, gender differences in community-level governance and the long-term effects of development. Students will also be asked to think these strategies to the 12 foundational pillars for the course, with a focus on *social dilemmas, systems thinking, tradeoffs, and governance, power and inequality*

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 6 (written discussion questions) and participation in discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales



## LAB 13 – Agriculture, biodiversity, and GMOs

### Preparation:

#### Read

Case Study for Chapter 14 in Duncan, Jancar-Webster, and Switky. 2009. World Politics in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century. Student Choice Edition. New York: Houghton Mifflin.

[http://college.cengage.com/polisci/duncan/world\\_politics\\_sce/1e/assets/students/case/duncan\\_1e\\_case\\_ch14.pdf](http://college.cengage.com/polisci/duncan/world_politics_sce/1e/assets/students/case/duncan_1e_case_ch14.pdf)

Lappe, Anna. 2011. The Battle for Biodiversity: Monsanto and Farmers Clash. The Atlantic. March 28 2011. <http://www.theatlantic.com/health/archive/2011/03/the-battle-for-biodiversity-monsanto-and-farmers-clash/73117/>

Aldhous, P. 2008. Genes for Greens. New Scientist. January 5, 2008 <https://www.newscientist.com/article/mg19726372-900-could-new-gm-crops-please-the-greens/>

Hamblin, J. 2016. The Fading meaning of GMO. The Atlantic. <https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2016/05/plants-for-the-planet/483132/>

Regis, E. 2019. "The True Story of the Genetically Modified Superfood that Almost Saved Millions" Foreign Policy. October 17, 2019. <https://foreignpolicy.com/2019/10/17/golden-rice-genetically-modified-superfood-almost-saved-millions/#>

Regis, E. 2019. "Golden rice could save children. Until now, governments have barred it." Washington Post. November 11, 2019. <https://www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/2019/11/11/golden-rice-long-an-anti-gmo-target-may-finally-get-chance-help-children/>

**Submit homework #6** GMOs, agriculture and biodiversity and re-read assigned articles for homework #6

**Exercise:** In the laboratory section, students are placed into groups with a mix of stakeholder perspectives. The stakeholder perspectives were assigned for the homework assignment, and students answered questions on the homework from the perspective of the specific stakeholder. Each group will then be assigned as an organization (and NGO, a government regulatory agency, or a company), and each group will have to devise a 25–100-word maximum policy statement about the use of GMOs on Bangladesh rice farms. Each stakeholder must agree with the policy statement. The groups will present their policy statements and defend them.

**Evaluation:** Homework submission and participation in discussion

#### **Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability



- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others

### LAB 14 – Revisiting our six words for sustainability

**Preparation:** No assigned materials

**Exercise:** Students will come to class with their original six words for sustainability assignment submission. Students will determine whether they still agree with their original six-word phrase. Students will have the opportunity to craft a new phrase based on what they have learned throughout the course. In addition, they will write an explanation of 200-400 words about why you chose to keep or change their original phrase. Students will discuss their new phrases and justifications in **small groups** and will be asked to focus on the key aspects of the class that resulted in a new phrase and perspective – or – the reasons that their original phrase aligns with the core material from the class.

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 7 (six words revision) and participation in discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.
- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

# ENR / AEDE 2501

Introduction to Sustainability Fall 2023

## Course Information

- **Course times and location:**
  - Lectures: No required schedule meetings; all instruction occurs in Carmen each week
  - Laboratory: Sections will meet at specified time dictated by the section in which students enrolled
- **Credit hours:** 4
- **Mode of delivery:**
  - Lectures: Asynchronous
  - Laboratory: Synchronous

## Instructors

- **Name:** TBD
- **Email:** TBD
- **Phone Number:** TBD
- **Office location:** TBD
- **Office hours:** TBD
- **Preferred means of communication:**
  - Our preferred method of communication for questions is **email**.
  - Our class-wide communications will be sent through the Announcements tool in CarmenCanvas. Please check your [notification preferences](https://go.osu.edu/canvas-notifications) (go.osu.edu/canvas-notifications) to be sure you receive these messages.

## Teaching Assistant

- **Name:** TBD
- **Email:** TBD
- **Recitation times:** TBD

## Course Prerequisites

Sophomore standing, or permission of instructor.



## Course Description

Catalog description: Introduces students to principles from various disciplines related to social, economic and environmental sustainability. Students will evaluate key concepts and examine tradeoffs that are a part of sustainability action using case studies representing diverse perspectives.

This course introduces students to principles from various disciplines that are related to social, economic and environmental sustainability. Students will evaluate key concepts and examine tradeoffs that are a part of sustainability action using case studies representing sustainability challenges that can be viewed from numerous perspectives.

This course is designed to integrate theories, concepts, and approaches from multiple disciplines to expose students to the diversity of ways that sustainability challenges can be conceptualized, framed, and addressed.

## Goals

Sustainability requires knowledge of human and natural systems and the skills to manage change and think holistically across scales in time and space. The course introduces students to skills and concepts necessary for a fruitful career in sustainability and for critically evaluating key concepts and popular discourse. The primary goals of this course are to (1) develop the foundational knowledge and skills that students will require to grasp the multi-dimensional and multi-disciplinary nature of sustainability (2) introduce students to sustainability concepts from different disciplines and (3) introduce the tradeoffs that are often a part of sustainability thinking, planning, and action. The course also provides students with a common framework for additional sustainability-oriented courses offered across campus. Students will be introduced to the fundamental principles, concepts, and knowledge from ecology and environmental science, economics and business, community and international development and sustainability science. Because sustainability can be laden with ideological thinking that can sometimes cloud important issues and avenues for advancement, we will employ a scientific perspective to examine the obstacles and opportunities for social, economic, and environmental sustainability.

OSU's Sustainability Education and Learning Committee identified six dimensions of sustainability to categorize the content of sustainability programs and courses. Each of the four main topic areas for this course addresses each of the six dimensions to different degrees as illustrated by the table below:

<b>Six Dimensions</b>	Human – natural systems	Environmental & earth systems	Economy & governance	Society & culture	Engineering, technology, & design	Health & Well-being
Consumption						
Water						
Climate / Energy						
Biodiversity						

<b>Most emphasis / depth</b>				<b>Least emphasis / depth</b>
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## Learning Outcomes

By the end of this course, students should successfully be able to:

- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.
- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

## General Education Expected Learning Outcomes

As part of the **Sustainability Theme** of the General Education curriculum, this course addresses the following goals:

1. Successful students will analyze sustainability at a more advanced and in-depth level than in the Foundations component.
2. Successful students will integrate approaches to sustainability by making connections to out-of- classroom experiences with academic knowledge or across disciplines and/or to work they have done in previous classes and that they anticipate doing in future.
3. Successful students will analyze and explain how social and natural systems function, interact and evolve over time; how human well-being depends on these interactions; how actions have impacts on subsequent generations and societies globally; and how human values, behaviors and institutions impact multifaceted potential solutions across time.





As part of the **Sustainability Theme** of the General Education curriculum, this course is designed to prepare students to:

- 1.1 Engage in critical and logical thinking about the topic or idea of sustainability
- 1.2 Engage in an advanced, in-depth, scholarly exploration of the topic or idea of sustainability
  - 2.1 Identify, describe, and synthesize approaches or experience as they apply to sustainability
  - 2.2 Demonstrate a developing sense of self as a learner through reflection, self-assessment and creative work, building on prior experiences to respond to new and challenging contexts.
- 3.1 Describe elements of the fundamental dependence of humans on Earth and environmental systems, and on the resilience of those systems
- 3.2 Describe, analyze, and critique the roles and impacts of human activity and technology on both human society and the natural world, in the past, present, and future
- 3.3 Devise informed and meaningful responses to problems and arguments in the area of sustainability based on the interpretation of appropriate evidence and an explicit statement of values

This course fulfills these learning outcomes by requiring students to synthesize material from several disciplines across the natural and social sciences so that they develop a holistic and integrative perspective on sustainability and sustainable development. More specifically, the course introduces perspectives from economics, business, and multiple social science disciplines (e.g., sociology, anthropology, psychology, geography, political science) that contribute to sustainable business practices as well as the research on, and practice of, sustainable community and international development. The course is taught from a systems perspective, encouraging students to examine how ecological systems, social systems, and the economy interact. Assessments include combination of lecture material, class discussions, lab section discussions, exam and quiz questions, class activities, and homework assignments.

## How This Course Works

**Mode of delivery:** This course is 100% online. For lecture periods, there are no required sessions when you must be logged in to Carmen at a scheduled time. **Laboratory sections are synchronous so students must attend the lab section during the allotted time. This time will depend on the section in which a student enrolled.** All laboratory activities will happen online with discussions happening synchronously via zoom. Discussions may involve the full lab section or smaller peer groups that will have discussions in breakout rooms.

**Pace of online activities:** This course is divided into **weekly modules** that are released one week ahead of time. Students are expected to keep pace with weekly deadlines but may schedule their efforts freely within that time frame. The only regularly scheduled meetings are the laboratory sections which will be held online at the specified time.

**Co-Teaching:** To ensure that students are exposed to the multi-disciplinary nature of sustainability, this course is co-taught by instructors with different disciplinary backgrounds and training. The course is designed such that the instructors provide multiple perspectives on each of the core topics covered during the semester. To accomplish this, each topic area covered in the course will be interspersed with lectures from both instructors. Furthermore, there will be a set of common prompts / questions in each section of the course to which instructors will both respond. For instance, instructors with different disciplinary backgrounds will have different responses to the following questions introduced in class:

- Is there a standard definition of “sustainability” or “sustainable development” in your discipline? If so, what is it?
- How does your discipline view the relationship between consumption, consumerism, and well-being?
- What are the most effective strategies and/or policies for addressing climate change in different contexts?
- Describe the factors that have shaped conflicts and cooperation related to water use and management in different contexts.
- What are the pros and cons of emphasizing technological solutions for addressing water scarcity and climate change as opposed to social, cultural, or behavioral solutions?
- Etc...

The common structure of prompts will help highlight the different ways that disciplines may frame, explain, and develop solutions to sustainability challenges. In addition, the instructors and TAs will rotate through lab sections and will spend the first 15 minutes of each lab section re-capping the previous weeks' topic and sharing a contrasting perspective.

**Credit hours and work expectations:** This is a 4 credit-hour course. According to [Ohio State bylaws on instruction](https://go.osu.edu/credithours) (go.osu.edu/credithours), students should expect around 5 hours per week of time spent on direct instruction (instructor content, laboratory exercises, and Carmen activities, for example) in addition to 7-8 hours of homework (reading and assignment preparation, for example) to receive a grade of [C] average.

**Attendance and participation requirements:** Research shows regular participation is one of the highest predictors of success. With that in mind, we expect that students will attend lecture and lab sections and regularly contribute to class discussions.

- **Participating in online activities for attendance: at least once per week**  
You are expected to log in to the course in Carmen every week. During most weeks you will probably log in many times. If you have a situation that might cause you to miss an entire week of class, discuss it with me *as soon as possible*.
- **Zoom meetings and office hours: optional**  
All live, scheduled events for the course, including my office hours, are optional. I will post recordings of synchronous sessions for those who cannot attend.



- **Participating in discussion forums: two or more times per week**  
As part of your participation, each week you can expect to post at least twice as part of our substantive class discussion on the week's topics.
- **Participating in Laboratory meetings: weekly**  
As part of your grade, you are expected to join your laboratory group on a weekly basis, at the scheduled time, to engage in lab activities and discussions.

## Course Materials, Fees and Technologies

### Required Materials and/or Technologies

- There is no required textbook and there are no required technologies beyond those that are necessary for logging into the course website on Carmen

### Required Equipment

- **Computer:** current Mac (MacOS) or PC (Windows 10) with high-speed internet connection.
- **Webcam:** built-in or external webcam, fully installed and tested
- **Microphone:** built-in laptop or tablet mic or external microphone
- **Other:** a mobile device (smartphone or tablet) to use for BuckeyePass authentication

If you do not have access to the technology you need to succeed in this class, review options for [technology and internet access](https://go.osu.edu/student-tech-access) (go.osu.edu/student-tech-access).

### Required Software

**Microsoft Office 365:** All Ohio State students are now eligible for free Microsoft Office 365. Visit the [installing Office 365](https://go.osu.edu/office365help) (go.osu.edu/office365help) help article for full instructions.

### CarmenCanvas Access

You will need to use [BuckeyePass](https://buckeyepass.osu.edu) (buckeyepass.osu.edu) multi-factor authentication to access your courses in Carmen. To ensure that you are able to connect to Carmen at all times, it is recommended that you do each of the following:

- Register multiple devices in case something happens to your primary device. Visit the [BuckeyePass - Adding a Device](https://go.osu.edu/add-device) (go.osu.edu/add-device) help article for step-by-step instructions.
- Request passcodes to keep as a backup authentication option. When you see the Duo login screen on your computer, click **Enter a Passcode** and then click the **Text me new codes** button that appears. This will text you ten passcodes, good for 365 days, that can each be used once.
- [Install the Duo Mobile application](https://go.osu.edu/install-duo) (go.osu.edu/install-duo) on all of your registered devices for the ability to generate one-time codes in the event that you lose cell, data, or Wi-Fi service.



If none of these options will meet the needs of your situation, you can contact the IT Service Desk at [614-688-4357 \(HELP\)](tel:614-688-4357) and IT support staff will work out a solution with you.

## Technology Skills Needed for This Course

- Basic computer and web-browsing skills
- [Navigating CarmenCanvas](https://go.osu.edu/canvasstudent) (go.osu.edu/canvasstudent)
- [CarmenZoom virtual meetings](https://go.osu.edu/zoom-meetings) (go.osu.edu/zoom-meetings)
- [Recording a slide presentation with audio narration and recording, editing and uploading video](https://go.osu.edu/video-assignment-guide) (go.osu.edu/video-assignment-guide)

## Technology Support

For help with your password, university email, CarmenCanvas, or any other technology issues, questions or requests, contact the IT Service Desk, which offers 24-hour support, seven days a week.

- **Self Service and Chat:** [go.osu.edu/it](https://go.osu.edu/it)
- **Phone:** [614-688-4357 \(HELP\)](tel:614-688-4357)
- **Email:** [servicedesk@osu.edu](mailto:servicedesk@osu.edu)



# Grading and Faculty Response

How your grade is calculated

<b>Assignment category</b>	<b>Points</b>
Homework 1: “Six words” for sustainability	40
Homework 2: Driving patterns and consumption	40
Homework 3: Klamath basin dams	40
Homework 4: Corporate sustainability	40
Homework 5: GMOs, land use, and biodiversity	40
Homework 6: New ideas for sustainability	40
12 weekly quizzes (5 pts each)	60
Lab section assignments (7 assignments – 10 pts each)	70
Mid-term exam 1	50
Mid-Term exam 2	50
Final Exam	100
Participation in Lab Discussions	100
<b>Total</b>	<b>670</b>

See course schedule, below, for due dates.

## Descriptions of Major Course Assignments

### WRITTEN HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENTS

Six homework assignments will be provided during the term. These homework assignments focus on developing your critical thinking skills by providing you with an opportunity to apply the material learned in the modules to real world situations. See the course website for details and rubrics for each assignment.

**Academic integrity and collaboration:** Homework assignments are open book but must be completed individually and without the help of other individuals. You are



encouraged to ask a trusted person to proofread your assignments before you turn them in but no one else should revise or rewrite your work. Plagiarized work will result in a grade of 0% and may be reported to Ohio State Academic Affairs.

## LABORATORY SECTION ASSIGNMENTS

On multiple occasions, written homework assignments will be discussed in lab sections. On the weeks when there is no written homework assignment, there will be short assignments (discussion questions, video submissions, etc.) that you will be required to submit before the beginning of lab. These short assignments will be used to demonstrate your understanding of the assigned reading, listening or viewing materials as well as to initiate discussions and introduce you to the topic of that week's lab. Details for these assignments can be found in the laboratory section schedule below and on the Carmen site for the course.

**Academic integrity and collaboration:** Your laboratory section assignments should be your own original work. You are encouraged to ask a trusted person to proofread your assignments before you turn them in but no one else should revise or rewrite your work. Plagiarized work will result in a grade of 0% and may be reported to Ohio State Academic Affairs.

## PARTICIPATION IN LABORATORY DISCUSSIONS

Most lab sessions will include a discussion based on the written assignments that are submitted for that lab period and/or activities that are conducted in lab on that day. These discussions will be structured around questions/prompts that are provided by the instructors and/or by students. Students will be graded based on the quality and frequency of their participation in both small group and full-class discussions and their ability to demonstrate attributes of critical thinking about the focal topic of the day. This includes participating in discussion board threads as well as synchronous zoom discussions. In the event that a student has an excused absence during a lab section, they will be permitted to submit written responses to the discussion prompts that were used in class.

## WEEKLY QUIZZES



There are 12 timed and graded online quizzes during the term. They are required and will be due by 11:59pm on the Sunday of the week they are assigned. Quiz questions may consist of true/false, multiple choice and short answer questions. All quizzes will be taken online using Carmen and you will have 45 minutes to complete the quizzes. If you do not take the quiz before it closes, you will earn a grade of 0%. Quiz questions will come from lectures, reading material, or other materials (e.g., videos or podcases) that are assigned for that week.

**Academic integrity and collaboration:** Each student must complete the quiz on her or his own. You are NOT permitted to receive assistance from anyone else during the quiz. You are NOT permitted to take a quiz as part of a group. You are on your honor to complete the quizzes on your own without help from another person. You ARE permitted to use notes, slides, calculator, textbook, journal articles, books, and Internet during the exam. Additional details will be provided during the semester.

## ONLINE EXAMS

There are 3 timed and graded online exams during the term. Examinations may consist of true/false, multiple choice, and short answer questions. All exams will be taken online using **Carmen**. Exams will be open on Carmen for approximately 24 hours and you can take the exam anytime during these 24 hours. You will be given 80 minutes to complete the exam. This is the typical time that would be allowed if the exam were given in a regular classroom setting. If you fail to complete the exam on Carmen before it closes you will earn a grade of 0%. A significant number of exam questions will come from material presented in lectures. Additional material will be drawn from the readings, videos, or other assigned materials. The final exam will be longer and comprehensive. Students will have additional time that matches the length of an in-person final exam period, to complete the final exam. Excuses for missing an exam must be presented to the instructors prior to the exam when at all possible.

**Academic integrity and collaboration:** Each student must complete the exam on her or his own. You are NOT permitted to receive assistance from anyone else during the exam. You are NOT permitted to take the exams as part of a group. You ARE permitted to use notes, slides, calculator, textbook, journal articles, books, and Internet during the exam. Additional details will be provided during the semester.

There are **NO make-up exams** except for valid reasons (e.g., medical excuse). If you are sick, you must have a note signed by your medical doctor (i.e., a licensed physician) and dated the same day as the exam and excusing you from the 24-hour period that the exam is open. Otherwise, you will receive a 0 on the exam. The instructor will determine if your excuse is valid. If you do **not** have a reasonable excuse for missing an exam,



then you will receive a zero for the exam. Approved make-up exams will consist of multiple choice, short-answer and essay questions.

## Late Assignments

Please refer to Carmen for due dates. To receive full credit, work must be turned-in on time and in condition to be evaluated. Late assignments will incur a deduction of 10% of the total point value for each 24-hour period that they are late (including weekends). Late assignments can be turned in for up to 7 days (including weekends) after they are due with the penalty described above. After that, students will receive a 0 for the assignment. Excuses for missed or late assignments – even valid ones – will not be accepted more than 7 days after the assignment due date.

Extenuating circumstances sometimes occur. Students who miss an assignment due to a legitimate reason (e.g., emergency, hospital visit, extended illness) should contact the instructors as soon as possible and provide documentation to request permission to make-up an assignment. Accommodations will be made on a case-by-case basis. If approved, the student will not be penalized for a late submission and the student must make up the missed assignment within a time frame specified by the instructor.

## Instructor Feedback and Response Time

I am providing the following list to give you an idea of my intended availability. Remember that you can call [614-688-4357 \(HELP\)](tel:614-688-4357) at any time if you have a technical problem.

- **Preferred contact method:** If you have a question, please contact either of us first through our Ohio State email addresses. One of us will reply to emails within **24 hours on days when class is in session at the university**.
- **Class announcements:** We will send all important class-wide messages through the Announcements tool in CarmenCanvas. Please check [your notification preferences](http://go.osu.edu/canvas-notifications) (go.osu.edu/canvas-notifications) to ensure you receive these messages.
- **Grading and feedback:** For assignments submitted before the due date, we will try to provide feedback and grades within **seven days**. Assignments submitted after the due date may have reduced feedback and grades may take longer to be posted.

## Grading Scale

93–100: A	80–82.9: B-	67–69.9: D+
90–92.9: A-	77–79.9: C+	60–66.9: D
87–89.9: B+	73–76.9: C	Below 60: E
83–86.9: B	70–72.9: C-	

## Other Course Policies





## Discussion and Communication Guidelines

The following are my expectations for how we should communicate as a class. Above all, please remember to be respectful and thoughtful.

- **Writing style:** While there is no need to participate in class discussions as if you were writing a research paper, you should remember to write using good grammar, spelling, and punctuation. A more conversational tone is fine for non-academic topics.
- **Tone and civility:** Let's maintain a supportive learning community where everyone feels safe and where people can disagree amicably. Remember that sarcasm doesn't always come across online. I will provide specific guidance for discussions on controversial or personal topics.
- **Citing your sources:** When we have academic discussions, please cite your sources to back up what you say. For the textbook or other course materials, list at least the title and page numbers. For online sources, include a link.
- **Backing up your work:** Consider composing your academic posts in a word processor, where you can save your work, and then copying into the Carmen discussion.
- **Synchronous sessions (laboratory only):** During our Zoom laboratory sessions I ask you to use your real name and a clear photo of your face in your Carmen profile. When in breakout rooms or other small-group discussions, having cameras and mics on as often as possible will help you get the most out of activities. You are always welcome to use the [free, Ohio State-themed virtual backgrounds](https://go.osu.edu/zoom-backgrounds) (go.osu.edu/zoom-backgrounds). Remember that zoom and the Zoom chat are our classroom space where respectful interactions are expected.]

## Ohio State's Academic Integrity Policy

Academic integrity is essential to maintaining an environment that fosters excellence in teaching, research, and other educational and scholarly activities. Thus, The Ohio State University and the Committee on Academic Misconduct (COAM) expect that all students have read and understand the University's Code of Student Conduct, and that all students will complete all academic and scholarly assignments with fairness and honesty. Students must recognize that failure to follow the rules and guidelines established in the University's Code of Student Conduct and this syllabus may constitute Academic Misconduct.

The Ohio State University's Code of Student Conduct (Section 3335-23-04) defines academic misconduct as: Any activity that tends to compromise the academic integrity of the University or subvert the educational process. Examples of academic misconduct include (but are not limited to) plagiarism, collusion (unauthorized collaboration), copying the work of another student, and possession of unauthorized materials during an examination. Ignorance of the University's Code of Student Conduct is never considered an excuse for academic misconduct, so I recommend that you review the Code of Student Conduct and, specifically, the sections dealing with academic misconduct.



If I suspect that a student has committed academic misconduct in this course, I am obligated by University Rules to report my suspicions to the Committee on Academic Misconduct. If COAM determines that you have violated the University's Code of Student Conduct (i.e., committed academic misconduct), the sanctions for the misconduct could include a failing grade in this course and suspension or dismissal from the University.

If you have any questions about the above policy or what constitutes academic misconduct in this course, please contact me.

Other sources of information on academic misconduct (integrity) to which you can refer include:

- [Committee on Academic Misconduct](http://go.osu.edu/coam) (go.osu.edu/coam)
- [Ten Suggestions for Preserving Academic Integrity](http://go.osu.edu/ten-suggestions) (go.osu.edu/ten-suggestions)
- [Eight Cardinal Rules of Academic Integrity](http://go.osu.edu/cardinal-rules) (go.osu.edu/cardinal-rules)

## Copyright for Instructional Materials

The materials used in connection with this course may be subject to copyright protection and are only for the use of students officially enrolled in the course for the educational purposes associated with the course. Copyright law must be considered before copying, retaining, or disseminating materials outside of the course.

## Creating an Environment Free from Harassment, Discrimination, and Sexual Misconduct

The Ohio State University is committed to building and maintaining a community to reflect diversity and to improve opportunities for all. All Buckeyes have the right to be free from harassment, discrimination, and sexual misconduct. Ohio State does not discriminate on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity or expression, genetic information, HIV/AIDS status, military status, national origin, pregnancy (childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy, or recovery therefrom), race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, or protected veteran status, or any other bases under the law, in its activities, academic programs, admission, and employment. Members of the university community also have the right to be free from all forms of sexual misconduct: sexual harassment, sexual assault, relationship violence, stalking, and sexual exploitation.

To report harassment, discrimination, sexual misconduct, or retaliation and/or seek confidential and non-confidential resources and supportive measures, contact the Office of Institutional Equity:

1. Online reporting form at [equity.osu.edu](http://equity.osu.edu),
2. Call 614-247-5838 or TTY 614-688-8605,
3. Or Email [equity@osu.edu](mailto:equity@osu.edu)

The university is committed to stopping sexual misconduct, preventing its recurrence, eliminating any hostile environment, and remedying its discriminatory effects. All university employees have reporting responsibilities to the Office of Institutional Equity to ensure the university can take appropriate action:

- All university employees, except those exempted by legal privilege of confidentiality or expressly identified as a confidential reporter, have an obligation to report incidents of sexual assault immediately.
- The following employees have an obligation to report all other forms of sexual misconduct as soon as practicable but at most within five workdays of becoming aware of such information: 1. Any human resource professional (HRP); 2. Anyone who supervises faculty, staff, students, or volunteers; 3. Chair/director; and 4. Faculty member.

## Diversity Statement

The Ohio State University affirms the importance and value of diversity of people and ideas. We believe in creating equitable research opportunities for all students and to providing programs and curricula that allow our students to understand critical societal challenges from diverse perspectives and aspire to use research to promote sustainable solutions for all. We are committed to maintaining an inclusive community that recognizes and values the inherent worth and dignity of every person; fosters sensitivity, understanding, and mutual respect among all members; and encourages each individual to strive to reach their own potential. The Ohio State University does not discriminate on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, gender identity or expression, genetic information, HIV/AIDS status, military status, national origin, race, religion, sex, gender, sexual orientation, pregnancy, protected veteran status, or any other bases under the law, in its activities, academic programs, admission, and employment.

To learn more about diversity, equity, and inclusion and for opportunities to get involved, please visit:

- <https://odi.osu.edu/>
- <https://odi.osu.edu/racial-justice-resources>
- <https://odi.osu.edu/focus-on-racial-justice>
- <http://mcc.osu.edu/>

In addition, this course adheres to **The Principles of Community** adopted by the College of Food, Agricultural, and Environmental Sciences. These principles are located on the Carmen site for this course; and can also be found at <https://go.osu.edu/principlesofcommunity>. For additional information on Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion in CFAES, contact the CFAES Office for Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (<https://equityandinclusion.cfaes.ohio-state.edu/>). If you have been a victim of or a witness to a bias incident, you can report it online and anonymously (if you choose) at <https://equity.osu.edu/>.

## Your Mental Health

As a student you may experience a range of issues that can cause barriers to learning, such as strained relationships, increased anxiety, alcohol/drug problems, feeling down, difficulty concentrating and/or lack of motivation. These mental health concerns or stressful events may lead to diminished academic performance or reduce a student's ability to participate in daily activities. The Ohio State University offers services to assist you with addressing these and other concerns you may be experiencing.

If you or someone you know are suffering from any of the aforementioned conditions, you can learn more about the broad range of confidential mental health services available on campus via the Office of Student Life's Counseling and Consultation Service (CCS) by visiting [ccs.osu.edu](https://ccs.osu.edu) or calling 614-292-5766. CCS is located on the 4th floor of the Younkin Success Center and 10th floor of Lincoln Tower.

You can reach an on-call counselor when CCS is closed at 614-292-5766 and 24 hour emergency help is also available through the 24/7 by dialing 988 to reach the Suicide and Crisis Lifeline.

For students in the College of Food, Agricultural, and Environmental Sciences, David Wirt, [wirt.9@osu.edu](mailto:wirt.9@osu.edu), is the CFAES embedded mental health counselor on the Columbus campus. To contact David, please call 614-292-5766. Students should mention their affiliation with CFAES if interested in speaking directly with David.

## Disability Accommodations

The university strives to make all learning experiences as accessible as possible. In light of the current pandemic, students seeking to request COVID-related accommodations may do so through the university's request process, managed by Student Life Disability Services. If you anticipate or experience academic barriers based on your disability (including mental health, chronic, or temporary medical conditions), please let me know immediately so that we can privately discuss options. To establish reasonable accommodations, I may request that you register with Student Life Disability Services. After registration, make arrangements with me as soon as possible to discuss your accommodations so that they may be implemented in a timely fashion. SLDS contact information: [slds@osu.edu](mailto:slds@osu.edu); 614-292-3307; [slds.osu.edu](http://slds.osu.edu); 098 Baker Hall, 113 W. 12th Avenue.

### Disability Services Contact Information

- Phone: [614-292-3307](tel:614-292-3307)
- Website: [slds.osu.edu](http://slds.osu.edu)
- Email: [slds@osu.edu](mailto:slds@osu.edu)
- In person: [Baker Hall 098, 113 W. 12th Avenue](#)

## Accessibility of Course Technology

This online course requires use of CarmenCanvas (Ohio State's learning management system) and other online communication and multimedia tools. If you need additional services to use these technologies, please request accommodations as early as possible.

- [CarmenCanvas accessibility](https://go.osu.edu/canvas-accessibility) (go.osu.edu/canvas-accessibility)
- Streaming audio and video
- [CarmenZoom accessibility](https://go.osu.edu/zoom-accessibility) (go.osu.edu/zoom-accessibility)



# Course Schedule

- Information on assigned readings can be found on the Carmen site in the module for each week. Due dates for all assignments, discussions and quizzes will be clearly indicated on the Carmen site for the class. **Please see the table below this one for additional descriptions of lab activities and assignments.**

## LECTURE SCHEDULE

Week	Lectures	Topics and Assigned Reading / Listening / Viewing	Assignments & Quizzes
<b>SECTION I – INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND</b>			
1	Lect 1	Class overview and overview of the Anthropocene GE learning objectives 3.1, 3.2	
	Lect 2	What is sustainability? – definitions and perspectives  Gallopín, G. C. (2003). <i>A systems approach to sustainability and sustainable development</i> . ECLAC.  Robert, K. W., Parris, T. M., & Leiserowitz, A. A. (2005). What is sustainable development? Goals, indicators, values, and practice. <i>Environment: science and policy for sustainable development</i> , 47(3), 8-21.  GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.3	Weekly Quiz 1
<b>LAB 1 – Sustainability Graffiti and Introductions</b>			
<i>Students will get to know each other and describe the different ways you think about and prioritize aspects of sustainability and ways of addressing sustainability challenges</i>			
No assigned reading			
GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 2.2			
2	Lect 3	What is sustainability? – foundational concepts  Mann (2018) Can planet earth feed 10 billion people? The Atlantic.  Purvis et al. (2019). Three pillars of sustainability: in search of conceptual origins. <i>Sustainability</i> . 14:681-695	Homework 1: Six words for sustainability  GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2
	Lect 4	Introduction to economic and business concepts	Weekly Quiz 2

		<p>Chapter 1 in Esty, DC and AS Winston. 2006. <i>Green to Gold: How Smart Companies Use Environmental Strategy to Innovate, Create, and Build Competitive Advantage</i>. New York: Wiley</p> <p>Solow, R.M., 1991. Sustainability: an economist's perspective. J Seward Johnson Lecture at Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute. June 14, 1991.</p> <p>Chapter 12 in Langert, B. 2019. <i>The Battle to do Good: Inside McDonald's Sustainability Journey</i>. Emerald Group Publishing.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 3.1,</p>	Six words for sustainability comments due
<p><b>LAB 2 – Six Words for Sustainability</b></p> <p><i>Students will identify and discuss how they define and conceptualize “sustainability” and the lens through which they examine sustainability challenges and solutions</i></p> <p>See suggested reading for Homework 1</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 2.2</p>			
3	Lect 5	<p>Overview of development, poverty, community &amp; inequality</p> <p>Schafer, J., Haslam, P. A., &amp; Beaudet, P. (2009). Meaning, measurement, and morality in international development. <i>Introduction to international development: Approaches, actors, and issues</i>, 2-27.</p> <p>Green, G. P., &amp; Haines, A. (2016). The role of assets in community-based development. <i>Asset Building &amp; Community Development</i>; SAGE Publications, Inc.: New York, NY, USA, 1-31.</p> <p>Hobbes, M. (2014). The problem with international development—and a plan to fix it. <i>New Republic</i>. Available at: <a href="http://www.newrepublic.com/article/120178/probleminternational-development-and-plan-fix-it">http://www.newrepublic.com/article/120178/probleminternational-development-and-plan-fix-it</a>.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1</p>	
<p><b>SECTION II - CONSUMPTION</b></p>			
3	Lect 6	<p>Population and consumption</p> <p>Kates, R. W. (2000). Population and consumption: what we know, what we need to know. <i>Environment: Science and Policy for Sustainable Development</i>, 42(3), 10-19.</p> <p>Jahren, H. (2020). Chapter 2: Who we are. <i>The Story of More: How We Got to Climate Change and Where to Go from Here</i>. Hachette UK.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1</p>	Weekly Quiz 3
<p><b>LAB 3 – Measuring Progress</b></p>			



Students will compare, and contrast different ways that “progress” has been defined and measured and how this has contributed to current global problems, but may help guide solutions for more sustainable societies

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XAaNaJQVNoY>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sAtMqwh21Eo>

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zhWkTiMVVVI&feature=player\\_embedded](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zhWkTiMVVVI&feature=player_embedded)

<https://stories.council.science/stories-human-development/3/>

**Papers:** Van den Bergh, J. C. (2009). The GDP paradox. *Journal of economic psychology*, 30(2), 117-135.  
Costanza, R., Hart, M., Talberth, J., & Posner, S. (2009). Beyond GDP: The need for new measures of progress. *The pardee papers*.

Costanza, R., Kubiszewski, I., Giovannini, E., Lovins, H., McGlade, J., Pickett, K. E., ... & Wilkinson, R. (2014). Development: Time to leave GDP behind. *Nature*, 505(7483), 283-285.

Bleys, B. (2012). Beyond GDP: Classifying alternative measures for progress. *Social indicators research*, 109(3), 355-376.

GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.2, 3.3

4	Lect 7	<p>Econ and business perspectives on consumption I</p> <p>Fernholz, K. and Bowyer, J., 2015. The spectrum of forest usage: From livelihood support to large scale commercialization. In <i>Forests, Business and Sustainability</i> (pp. 21-40). Routledge.</p> <p>"Consumption" Britannica Online Eyclopedia</p> <p>Papola, J. "Think Consumption is the Engine of our Economy? Think Again. Forbes. 01/30/2013</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1</p>	
	Lect 8	<p>Econ and Business perspectives on consumption II</p> <p>Nordhaus, W.D., 2000. New directions in national economic accounting. <i>American Economic Review</i>, 90(2), pp.259-263.</p> <p>Pilling, D. Five Ways GDP gets it Totally Wrong as a Measure of Success. World Economic Forum. January 17, 2018.</p> <p>Wikipedia: Green Gross Domestic Product.</p>	Weekly Quiz 4

#### LAB 4 – Work, Well-Being, and Consumption

Students will discuss the social and economic structures that shape our lives, how those structures impact our consumption patterns, and what this means for our well-being and sustainability in general

Listen to assigned Ezra Klein podcast with James Suzman:

<https://www.nytimes.com/2021/06/29/opinion/ezra-klein-podcast-james-suzman.html>

Watch the 21 hours video by NEF: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=580VyI6hFmo>

GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 2.2, 3.3



5	Lect 9	<p>Social, psychological, and anthropological perspectives on why we consume</p> <p>Wilk (2002) Consumption, human needs, and global environmental change." <i>Global environmental change</i> 12 (1): 5-13.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 2.1, 2.2, 3.2</p>	<p>Homework 2: Driving patterns and consumption</p> <p>GE learning objectives 2.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>
	Lect 10	<p>How can we consume more sustainably I?</p> <p>Parrique, T., Barth, J., Briens, F., Kuokkanen, A., &amp; Spangenberg, J. H. (2019). Evidence and arguments against green growth as a sole strategy for sustainability. <i>European Environmental Bureau</i>.</p> <p>Howarth, R. B. (2012). Sustainability, well-being, and economic growth. <i>Minding Nature</i>, 5(2), 32-39.</p> <p>Frank (2020): Spend more on society and get more for yourself. NY Times.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 2.1, 2.2, 3.2,</p>	Weekly Quiz 5
<p><b>LAB 5 – Systems thinking and Sustainable transportation</b></p> <p><i>Students will discuss multiple ways of fostering more sustainable forms of transportation and the systems, structures, and social, cultural, and economic tradeoffs that are associated with these solutions</i></p> <p><a href="https://mahb.stanford.edu/blog/systems-thinking-can-help-build-sustainable-world-beginning-conversation/">https://mahb.stanford.edu/blog/systems-thinking-can-help-build-sustainable-world-beginning-conversation/</a></p> <p>Smith, T. (2011). Using critical systems thinking to foster an integrated approach to sustainability: A proposal for development practitioners. <i>Environment, development, and sustainability</i>, 13(1), 1-17.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 2.2, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
6	Lect 11	<p>How can we consume more sustainably II?</p> <p>GE learning objectives 2.1, 2.2, 3.2,</p>	
<p><b>SECTION III - WATER</b></p>			
6	Lect 12	<p>Sustainability and Water</p> <p>Braden, J.B. and Shortle, J.S., 2013. Agricultural sources of water pollution. In <i>Encyclopedia of Energy, Natural Resource and Environmental Economics</i>. (pp. 81-85). Elsevier.</p> <p>Earnhart, D., 2013. Water pollution from industrial sources. In <i>Encyclopedia of Energy, Natural Resource and Environmental Economics</i>. (pp. 114-120) Elsevier</p> <p>Anderson, T.L., Scarborough, B., and Watson, L.R., 2013. Water crises, water rights, and water markets. In <i>Encyclopedia of</i></p>	Weekly Quiz 6



		<p><i>Energy, Natural Resource and Environmental Economics.</i> (pp. 248-254) Elsevier Inc.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1</p>	
<p><b>LAB 6 – Economic Valuation and Natural Capital</b></p> <p><i>Students will use data to value natural capital on campus and evaluate tradeoffs between different policy scenarios related to infrastructure change</i></p> <p>Read report on Economic Value of Natural Areas in Ohio and view the YouTube video "How are countries Doing Natural Capital Accounting?"</p> <p><a href="https://aede.osu.edu/https%3A/aede.osu.edu/faculty-outreach/economic-value-natural-areas-ohio">https://aede.osu.edu/https%3A/aede.osu.edu/faculty-outreach/economic-value-natural-areas-ohio</a></p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sg-xu31Emws">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sg-xu31Emws</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
7	Lect 13	<p>The economics of water quality and quantity</p> <p>Same readings as Lecture 12.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1</p>	<p><b>Midterm Exam 1</b></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2</p>
	Lect 14	<p>Water and community development</p> <p>Doremus, H., &amp; Tarlock, A. D. (2003). Fish, farms, and the clash of cultures in the Klamath basin. <i>Ecology LQ</i>, 30, 279.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 3.1</p>	Weekly Quiz 7
<p><b>LAB 7 – Tradeoffs and Ecosystem Services</b></p> <p><i>Students will use multi-attribute utility theory to explore tradeoffs and describe how this tool can facilitate collective decision-making. Students will see how different stakeholders use and value water</i></p> <p>McGraw-Hill Environmental Case Study: "Sharing the Klamath"</p> <p>Section 1.3 on pages 1-61 to 1-68, including table 1.3-1 of US Department of Interior, Bureau of Reclamation. 2012. Benefit Cost and Regional Economic Development. Technical Report for the Secretarial Determination on Whether to Remove Four Dams on the Klamath River in California and Oregon</p> <p>News article from the High Country News (Aug, 27, 2021): Klamath River issues explained. <a href="https://www.hcn.org/articles/klamath-basin-confused-about-whats-happening-on-the-klamath-heres-a-rundown/print_view">https://www.hcn.org/articles/klamath-basin-confused-about-whats-happening-on-the-klamath-heres-a-rundown/print_view</a></p> <p>News article from Sacramento News and Review (June, 29, 2021): <a href="https://sacramento.newsreview.com/2021/06/29/hopes-for-imperiled-fish-rise-as-ferc-approves-transfer-of-klamath-river-dam-license/">https://sacramento.newsreview.com/2021/06/29/hopes-for-imperiled-fish-rise-as-ferc-approves-transfer-of-klamath-river-dam-license/</a></p>			



GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3			
8	Lect 15	Water and international development GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1	Homework 3: Klamath Dams  GE learning objectives 2.1, 2.2, 3.2, 3.3
<b>FALL BREAK</b>			
9	Lect 16	Business and Water  Sommer, A., and B. Sohngen. 2002. "Pricing the Environment: An Introduction." OSU Extension Fact Sheet.  Loomis, J. 1997. "Use of Non-Market Valuation Studies in Water Resources Management Assessments." Water Resources Update, Universities Council on Water Resources. Issue No. 109: Autumn 1997  Boccaletti, G, M Grobbel, and MR Stuchtey. 2009. The Business Opportunity in Water Conservation. McKinsey Quarterly. December 1, 2009.	
<b>LAB 8 – Life-cycle assessment</b>			
<i>Students will conduct a life-cycle assessment to explore the impacts of different products as well as how such assessments can impact consumption decision, supply chain decisions, and policies</i>			
Chapters 1 and 2 in Shaked, S., Crettaz, P., Saade-Sbeih, M., Jolliet, O. and Jolliet, A., 2015. <i>Environmental life cycle assessment</i> . CRC Press. (Pp. 1-21)			
Hoogmartens, R., Van Passel, S., Van Acker, K. and Dubois, M., 2014. Bridging the gap between LCA, LCC and CBA as sustainability assessment tools. <i>Environmental Impact Assessment Review</i> , 48, pp.27-33.			
GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3			
<b>SECTION IV – CLIMATE &amp; ENERGY</b>			
	Lect 17	Introduction to Climate/Energy  IPCC Working Group I. 2021. The Physical Science Basis. Summary for Policymakers.  BP. 2021. Energy Outlook. Pages 0-31:	Weekly Quiz 8



		<p>Nordhaus, William (2017): Integrated assessment models of climate change, NBER Reporter, National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER), Cambridge, MA, Iss. 3, pp. 16-20</p> <p>View this video on discounting (7:46)</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mol1yT7tczY">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mol1yT7tczY</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	
<p><b>LAB 9 – Metrics for corporate sustainability</b></p> <p><i>Students will critically evaluate corporate sustainability metrics and how they have evolved, describe recent improvements in sustainability accounting, and discuss what gaps remain</i></p> <p>Bernow, S., J. Godsall, B. Klempner, and C. Merten. 2019. More than values: The value-based sustainability reporting that investors want. McKinsey and Company. <a href="https://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/sustainability/our-insights/more-than-values-the-value-based-sustainability-reporting-that-investors-want">https://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/sustainability/our-insights/more-than-values-the-value-based-sustainability-reporting-that-investors-want</a></p> <p>2020 Business and ESG Report for The Coca-Cola Company. <a href="https://d1io3yog0oux5.cloudfront.net/cocacolacompany/files/pages/cocacolacompany/db/761/description/coca-cola-business-environmental-social-governance-report-2020+%282%29.pdf">https://d1io3yog0oux5.cloudfront.net/cocacolacompany/files/pages/cocacolacompany/db/761/description/coca-cola-business-environmental-social-governance-report-2020+%282%29.pdf</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
10	Lect 18	<p>Climate/Energy - economics and business</p> <p>Same as above</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	
	Lect 19	<p>Climate/Energy - economics and business</p> <p>Same as above.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	<p>Weekly Quiz 9</p> <p>Homework 4: Corporate sustainability</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.2, 3.3</p>
<p><b>LAB 10 – Indigenous rights, climate change, and REDD+</b></p> <p><i>Students will examine the governance challenges that accompany large-scale programs that address global climate change and describe the importance of property rights, land tenure, and land security</i></p> <p>Barbier, E. B., &amp; Tesfaw, A. T. (2012). Can REDD+ save the forest? The role of payments and tenure. <i>Forests</i>, 3(4), 881-895.</p> <p>Newton, P., Oldekop, J. A., Brodnig, G., Karna, B. K., &amp; Agrawal, A. (2016). Carbon, biodiversity, and livelihoods in forest commons: synergies, trade-offs, and implications for REDD+. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i>, 11(4), 044017.</p>			



<p>Andersson, K. P., Smith, S. M., Alston, L. J., Duchelle, A. E., Mwangi, E., Larson, A. M., ... &amp; Wong, G. Y. (2018). Wealth and the distribution of benefits from tropical forests: Implications for REDD+. <i>Land use policy</i>, 72, 510-522.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
11	Lect 20	<p>Climate/Energy and international development</p> <p>Larson, A. M., Brockhaus, M., Sunderlin, W. D., Duchelle, A., Babon, A., Dokken, T., ... &amp; Huynh, T. B. (2013). Land tenure and REDD+: The good, the bad and the ugly. <i>Global environmental change</i>, 23(3), 678-689.</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Z4TIC1ObUI">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Z4TIC1ObUI</a></p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FPFPUhsWMaQ">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FPFPUhsWMaQ</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	
	Lect 21	<p>Climate/energy and communities</p> <p>Leyden, K. M. (2003). Social capital and the built environment: the importance of walkable neighborhoods. <i>American journal of public health</i>, 93(9), 1546-1551.</p> <p>Anguelovski, I., Connolly, J. J., Pearsall, H., Shokry, G., Checker, M., Maantay, J., ... &amp; Roberts, J. T. (2019). Opinion: Why green “climate gentrification” threatens poor and vulnerable populations. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences</i>, 116(52), 26139-26143.</p> <p>Mock, B. (2019). Why Detroit residents pushed back against tree-planting. <i>Bloomberg CityLab</i>, 11.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	Weekly Quiz 10
<p><b>LAB 11 – Critical perspectives on technology for sustainability</b></p> <p><i>Students will think critically about the role of technology in addressing sustainability challenges and evaluate the pros and cons of technology and the social and cultural implications of technological change</i></p> <p>Listen to Ezra Klein Podcast with L.M. Sacasas on the 41 Questions we should ask of the technologies and tools that shape our lives.</p> <p><a href="https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/03/opinion/ezra-klein-podcast-lm-sacasas.html">https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/03/opinion/ezra-klein-podcast-lm-sacasas.html</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
<p><b>SECTION V – BIODIVERSITY</b></p>			
12	Lect 22	<p>Trends in biodiversity</p> <p><a href="https://f.hubspotusercontent20.net/hubfs/4783129/LPR/PDFs/ENGLISH-FULL.pdf">https://f.hubspotusercontent20.net/hubfs/4783129/LPR/PDFs/ENGLISH-FULL.pdf</a></p>	Midterm Exam 2



		GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2	GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2
		<b>VETERAN'S DAY</b>	
<b>LAB 12 – Community-based conservation</b> <i>After seeing community-based conservation and action, students will discuss the tension between biodiversity conservation and economic development, how the design, and impacts, of conservation programs are shaped by gender, and cultural variation in perspectives on wildlife and the environment</i> Watch the documentary “Milking the Rhino” (available through university libraries) GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3			
13	Lect 23	<b>Biodiversity and sustainable development</b>  Adams, W. M., Aveling, R., Brockington, D., Dickson, B., Elliott, J., Hutton, J., ... & Wolmer, W. (2004). Biodiversity conservation and the eradication of poverty. <i>science</i> , 306(5699), 1146-1149.  Gavin et al. (2018) Effective Biodiversity Conservation Requires Dynamic, Pluralistic, Partnership-Based Approaches. <i>Sustainability</i> . 10: 1845 – 1856  GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2	Homework 5: New ideas for sustainability <i>(can be submitted at any time before this date)</i>
	Lect 24	<b>Communities and Conservation</b>  Roe, D. (2008). The origins and evolution of the conservation-poverty debate: a review of key literature, events, and policy processes. <i>Oryx</i> , 42(4), 491-503.  GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2	Weekly Quiz 11
<b>LAB 13 – Agriculture, biodiversity, and GMOs</b> <i>Students will examine how different stakeholders, at different scales of governance and decision-making, view the relationships - and weigh potential tradeoffs - between agricultural productivity and biodiversity in the context of GMOs</i>  Case Study for Chapter 14 in Duncan, Jancar-Webster, and Switky. 2009. World Politics in the 21 <sup>st</sup> Century. Student Choice Edition. New York: Houghton Mifflin. <a href="http://college.cengage.com/polisci/duncan/world_politics_sce/1e/assets/students/case/duncan_1e_case_ch14.pdf">http://college.cengage.com/polisci/duncan/world_politics_sce/1e/assets/students/case/duncan_1e_case_ch14.pdf</a>  Lappe, Anna. 2011. The Battle for Biodiversity: Monsanto and Farmers Clash. The Atlantic. March 28 2011. <a href="http://www.theatlantic.com/health/archive/2011/03/the-battle-for-biodiversity-monsanto-and-farmers-clash/73117/">http://www.theatlantic.com/health/archive/2011/03/the-battle-for-biodiversity-monsanto-and-farmers-clash/73117/</a>  Aldhous, P. 2008. Genes for Greens. New Scientist. January 5, 2008 <a href="https://www.newscientist.com/article/mg19726372-900-could-new-gm-crops-please-the-greens/">https://www.newscientist.com/article/mg19726372-900-could-new-gm-crops-please-the-greens/</a>			



<p>Hamblin, J. 2016. The Fading meaning of GMO. The Atlantic. <a href="https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2016/05/plants-for-the-planet/483132/">https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2016/05/plants-for-the-planet/483132/</a></p> <p>Regis, E. 2019. "The True Story of the Genetically Modified Superfood that Almost Saved Millions" Foreign Policy. October 17, 2019. <a href="https://foreignpolicy.com/2019/10/17/golden-rice-genetically-modified-superfood-almost-saved-millions/#">https://foreignpolicy.com/2019/10/17/golden-rice-genetically-modified-superfood-almost-saved-millions/#</a></p> <p>Regis, E. 2019. "Golden rice could save children. Until now, governments have barred it." Washington Post. November 11, 2019. <a href="https://www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/2019/11/11/golden-rice-long-an-anti-gmo-target-may-finally-get-chance-help-children/">https://www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/2019/11/11/golden-rice-long-an-anti-gmo-target-may-finally-get-chance-help-children/</a></p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>			
14	Lect 25	<p><b>Biodiversity and community development</b></p> <p>Brooks, J., Waylen, K. A., &amp; Mulder, M. B. (2013). Assessing community-based conservation projects: A systematic review and multilevel analysis of attitudinal, behavioral, ecological, and economic outcomes. <i>Environmental Evidence</i>, 2(1), 1-34.</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	
		<b>THANKSGIVING</b>	
15	Lect 26	<p><b>Biodiversity and economics</b></p> <p>Pearce, Fred. 2020. Parks vs. People: In Guatemala, Communities Take Best Care of the Forest. YaleEnvironment360: <a href="https://e360.yale.edu/features/parks-vs-people-in-guatemala-communities-take-best-care-of-the-forest">https://e360.yale.edu/features/parks-vs-people-in-guatemala-communities-take-best-care-of-the-forest</a> (Links to an external site.)</p> <p>Radwin, Max. 2019. Fire, cattle, cocaine: Deforestation spikes in Guatemalan national park. Mongabay. <a href="https://news.mongabay.com/2019/06/invaders-cattle-cocaine-deforestation-spikes-in-guatemalan-national-park/">https://news.mongabay.com/2019/06/invaders-cattle-cocaine-deforestation-spikes-in-guatemalan-national-park/</a> (Links to an external site.)</p> <p>Fortmann, L et al., 2017. Assessing the role of group heterogeneity in community forest concessions in Guatemala's Maya Biosphere Reserve. <i>Land Economics</i>. 93(3), pp.503-526. Download Fortmann, L et al., 2017. Assessing the role of group heterogeneity in community forest concessions in Guatemala's Maya Biosphere Reserve. <i>Land Economics</i>. 93(3), pp.503-526.</p> <p>Mukpo, Ashoka. 2021. The Brooklyn Bridge needs a makeover. Is rainforest lumber still in style? Mongabay. <a href="https://news.mongabay.com/2021/07/the-brooklyn-bridge-needs-a-makeover-but-is-rainforest-lumber-still-in-style/">https://news.mongabay.com/2021/07/the-brooklyn-bridge-needs-a-makeover-but-is-rainforest-lumber-still-in-style/</a> (Links to an external site.)</p> <p>GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2</p>	



	Lect 27	Biodiversity and economics Same readings	Weekly Quiz 12 Homework 6: GMOs and Biodiversity GE learning objectives 1.1, 1.2, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3
<b>LAB 14 – Revisiting our six words for sustainability</b>			
<i>Students will reflect on how their understandings, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability have changed throughout the semester</i>			
Re-read your original Six Words post and justification			
GE learning objectives 1.1, 2.2, 3.3			
16	Lect 28	Synthesis and integration – returning to the pillars of sustainability	
	Dec 14th	FINAL EXAM: 2:00 – 3:45 pm	

## LAB SECTION SCHEDULE

The laboratory component of this course is equivalent to 1-credit-hour. According to [Ohio State policy](#), students should expect to spend 2 hours per week in this laboratory. A student's 2-hour-work week includes direct instruction, taking notes, studying, readings, assignments, group work and completing labs. **Please note that the instructors will rotate among lab sections so you will have a different instructor, and gain a different point of view, each week.**

The activities and discussions outlined below will take place individually and in online discussion groups. **Small groups** for online discussions will be created by using the Carmen Learning Management System to randomly divide enrolled students into groups of 4-5. Students maintain group membership with this group of peers throughout the semester, which helps to form community within the course.

Items labeled as "Class discussions" in the lab section descriptions below will function as a common discussion for all students in the online section. For items labeled as "**Small groups**", students in the online section will work with their online peer groups. **See the main course calendar above for indicators of which Sustainability GE Learning objectives are addressed in each lab.**





## Laboratory Topics, Activities, and Assessments

### LAB 1 – Sustainability Graffiti and Introductions

**Preparation:** No assigned materials

**Exercise:** Introductions and Sustainability Graffiti.

**Class discussion** - Students introduce themselves and discuss their backgrounds, interests, and perspectives on sustainability. Students then walk around the room and write responses to a set of up to 15 posted prompts.

**Small groups** will be assigned a prompt and must summarize and comment on the responses to that prompt. These summaries will be shared with the class.

**Evaluation:** Participation in discussion

#### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others

### LAB 2 – Six Words for Sustainability

**Preparation:** We want to hear what you think about sustainability before we get too far along in the course, so just clear your mind, and **Submit homework #1**

**Exercise: Class Discussion** of 6 six words assignment submissions. Students will present their six words and read their justification for the phrase they chose. As a class, students will compare, contrast, and categorize the phrases – including a set of past student submissions - creating a conceptual map of the different perspectives on sustainability that have emerged.

**Small groups** of students will then link the phrases to the definitions, depictions and conceptualizations of sustainability that were introduced in lecture as well as the foundational pillars for the class.

**Evaluation:** Participation in discussion

#### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.

- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.

### LAB 3 – Measuring Progress

**Preparation:** Watch short video on Gross National Happiness in Bhutan (examples are linked below), re-read articles on alternative measures of GDP and submit a 1-minute video of critiques of GDP based on their own internet research.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XAaNaJQVNoY>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sAtMqwh21Eo>

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zhWkTiMVVVI&feature=player\\_embedded](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zhWkTiMVVVI&feature=player_embedded)

<https://stories.council.science/stories-human-development/3/>

**Papers:** Van den Bergh, J. C. (2009). The GDP paradox. *Journal of economic psychology*, 30(2), 117-135.  
Costanza, R., Hart, M., Talberth, J., & Posner, S. (2009). Beyond GDP: The need for new measures of progress. *The pardee papers*.

Costanza, R., Kubiszewski, I., Giovannini, E., Lovins, H., McGlade, J., Pickett, K. E., ... & Wilkinson, R. (2014). Development: Time to leave GDP behind. *Nature*, 505(7483), 283-285.

Bleys, B. (2012). Beyond GDP: Classifying alternative measures for progress. *Social indicators research*, 109(3), 355-376.

**Exercise: Small groups** of students will use longitudinal datasets provided by the instructors to compare and contrast GDP with alternative measures of development (where alternative measures (Human Development Index, Social Progress Index, Happy Planet Index, Gross National Happiness Index, etc.). Based on their exploration of the data, **small groups** must develop a list of pros and cons of using alternative measures as well as a summary of whether and how policy decisions would be different if based on these alternative measures.

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 1 (1 min video) and participation

#### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

#### LAB 4 – Work, Well-Being, and Consumption

**Preparation:** Listen to assigned Ezra Klein podcast with James Suzman:

<https://www.nytimes.com/2021/06/29/opinion/ezra-klein-podcast-james-suzman.html>

Watch the 21 hours video by NEF: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=580Vyl6hFmo>

After listening to, and viewing, the assigned podcast and video, individual students must submit three points of agreement and three points with which they disagree. Students must also submit three discussion questions.

**Exercise:** Based on materials submitted by the students, students will start in **small groups** discussing perspectives on work and employment in our society and the relationship between work, consumption, and sustainability. Student groups will link their arguments to the 12 foundational pillars for the course paying special attention to *time, systems thinking, tradeoffs, the business drivers of sustainability, externalities, individual vs structural change, governance, power and inequality, and social dilemmas*. Student groups will discuss the implications of changes to normal work structures in our society.

**Class discussion:** Each group will summarize and present their discussion, which will precipitate a full class discussion

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 2 (discussion questions) and participation in discussion

#### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

#### LAB 5 – Systems thinking and Sustainable transportation

**Preparation:** Read the following

<https://mahb.stanford.edu/blog/systems-thinking-can-help-build-sustainable-world-beginning-conversation/>

Smith, T. (2011). Using critical systems thinking to foster an integrated approach to sustainability: A proposal for development practitioners. *Environment, development, and sustainability*, 13(1), 1-17.

and **Submit homework #2** on CO2 emissions related transportation and driving behavior

**Exercise: Small groups** of students will discuss and critically evaluate responses to homework and link responses to the 12 foundational pillars for the course, paying special attention to *systems thinking, technology and efficiency vs behavioral change, externalities, time, tradeoffs, and individual vs structural change, and governance, power, and inequality*. Small groups must then pick one of three modes of transportation for which they use data to calculate CO2 emissions for Ohio residents and outline the tradeoffs associated with increasing the use of those modes of transportation: (i) electric vehicles, (ii) airplanes, (iii) rail (light and long-distance)

**Evaluation:** Participation in discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

### LAB 6 – Economic Valuation and Natural Capital

**Preparation:** Read report on Economic Value of Natural Areas in Ohio and view the YouTube video "How are countries Doing Natural Capital Accounting?"

<https://aede.osu.edu/https%3A/aede.osu.edu/faculty-outreach/economic-value-natural-areas-ohio>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sg-xu31Emws>

**Exercise:** During the lab, individual students will use the data provided in Carmen to value natural capital on campus (e.g., the Olentangy river corridor, grassed common areas, trees, retention ponds and water courses). The lab will include instructions on how to use a worksheet to value natural capital. In addition to valuing natural capital, students will be asked to consider a set of policy scenarios that change infrastructure on campus. They will be asked to evaluate the tradeoffs associated with the policy scenarios in terms of key university outputs (e.g., improvements to educational opportunities), environmental outputs as measured by natural capital, and social and equity outputs. Students will present the results of their analysis to the whole lab section and discuss the results.

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 3 (written answers submitted at the end of the section) and participation in discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Describe a how a scientific approach is important for examining the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

### LAB 7 – Tradeoffs and Ecosystem Services

**Preparation:**

Read the following

McGraw-Hill Environmental Case Study: “Sharing the Klamath”

Section 1.3 on pages 1-61 to 1-68, including table 1.3-1 of US Department of Interior, Bureau of Reclamation. 2012. Benefit Cost and Regional Economic Development. Technical Report for the Secretarial Determination on Whether to Remove Four Dams on the Klamath River in California and Oregon

News article from the High Country News (Aug, 27, 2021): Klamath River issues explained. [https://www.hcn.org/articles/klamath-basin-confused-about-whats-happening-on-the-klamath-heres-a-rundown/print\\_view](https://www.hcn.org/articles/klamath-basin-confused-about-whats-happening-on-the-klamath-heres-a-rundown/print_view)

News article from Sacramento News and Review (June, 29, 2021): <https://sacramento.newsreview.com/2021/06/29/hopes-for-imperiled-fish-rise-as-ferc-approves-transfer-of-klamath-river-dam-license/>

**Submit homework #3** on tradeoffs over ecosystem services in the Klamath Basin.

**Exercise:** The homework will prepare students for the multi-attribute utility theory (MAUT) exercise that we will conduct during the laboratory session. The objective of the exercise is to show students how MAUT can be used effectively to identify opportunities for improved social outcomes when difficult and contentious tradeoffs exist between groups. We will focus on surface water allocation and removal of four dams in the upper part of the basin. Students were assigned a specific role when they did their homework (farmer, sport angler, commercial fishery, Native American in tribe with historical rights, and Audubon society member from Portland, Oregon), and they will work with other students in their role. Students will answer a series of questions about their objectives, their views on the outcomes associated with removing the dams, and how they rank the outcomes. The instructor will use the resulting information to quantify a preferred outcome or set of preferred outcomes based on the results. Students will then discuss, as a class, and critically evaluate

whether dams should be removed based on this assessment. The final discussion will include additional review of other approaches to collaborative decision-making.

**Evaluation:** Participation in lab work and discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

### LAB 8 – Life-cycle assessment

**Preparation:** Read the following

Chapters 1 and 2 in Shaked, S., Crettaz, P., Saade-Sbeih, M., Jolliet, O. and Jolliet, A., 2015. *Environmental life cycle assessment*. CRC Press. (Pp. 1-21)

Hoogmartens, R., Van Passel, S., Van Acker, K. and Dubois, M., 2014. Bridging the gap between LCA, LCC and CBA as sustainability assessment tools. *Environmental Impact Assessment Review*, 48, pp.27-33.

**Exercise: Small groups** will be assigned one of three products (ethanol, cardboard boxes, red meat) and spend the first part of the lab working in their groups researching the product on the internet to find information on the life-cycle effects on carbon-equivalent emissions. **Small groups** will then discuss how life-cycle analysis can be used to influence consumption decisions, supply chain decisions, or policies that society adopts. Each group will present the results of their analysis and discussion to the rest of the group.

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 4 (life cycle analysis submission) and participation in discussion.

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.
- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level

### LAB 9 – Metrics for corporate sustainability

**Preparation:**



## Read

Bernow, S., J. Godsall, B. Klempner, and C. Merten. 2019. More than values: The value-based sustainability reporting that investors want. McKinsey and Company. <https://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/sustainability/our-insights/more-than-values-the-value-based-sustainability-reporting-that-investors-want>

2020 Business and ESG Report for The Coca-Cola Company.

<https://d1io3yog0oux5.cloudfront.net/cocacolacompany/files/pages/cocacolacompany/db/761/description/coca-cola-business-environmental-social-governance-report-2020+%282%29.pdf>

**Submit homework #4** on the Coca-Cola company corporate sustainability report (note that the specific company report will be rotated from year to year).

**Exercise:** In lab, students will evaluate the sustainability criteria/metrics that Coca-Cola reported and used. **Small groups** will work with each other to answer a series of questions about various outcomes in the report. The questions will ask students to report back on several pros and cons associated with each outcome or measurement. We will select a range sustainability goals, i.e., those that address equity and inclusion as well as environmental stewardship and students will be required to address pros and cons of each of them. Each group will then report out to the whole group for broader discussion.

**Evaluation:** Participation in discussion

### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level

## LAB 10 – Indigenous rights, climate change, and REDD+

**Preparation:** Read assigned articles, which supplement the reading and videos for lecture.

Referring to these papers as well as lecture material on payments for ecosystem services, create a list of three pros and three cons of using REDD+ as a tool for carbon sequestration as well as three discussion questions.

Barbier, E. B., & Tesfaw, A. T. (2012). Can REDD+ save the forest? The role of payments and tenure. *Forests*, 3(4), 881-895.

Newton, P., Oldekop, J. A., Brodnig, G., Karna, B. K., & Agrawal, A. (2016). Carbon, biodiversity, and livelihoods in forest commons: synergies, trade-offs, and implications for REDD+. *Environmental Research Letters*, 11(4), 044017.



Andersson, K. P., Smith, S. M., Alston, L. J., Duchelle, A. E., Mwangi, E., Larson, A. M., ... & Wong, G. Y. (2018). Wealth and the distribution of benefits from tropical forests: Implications for REDD+. *Land use policy*, 72, 510-522.

**Exercise:** Based on the assigned materials and written submissions, **small groups** will discuss the pros and cons of REDD+ and link this approach with the 12 foundational pillars for the class, playing special attention to *governance, power and inequality, systems thinking, and tradeoffs*. **Small groups** will then use data to calculate the impact on CO<sub>2</sub> levels and future climate change for one of three proposed strategies: (i) carbon sequestration through large-scale afforestation and forest management efforts (like REDD+), (ii) solar geoengineering, and (iii) technologically based carbon capture and sequestration. Each group will present their calculations and the class will discuss each approach.

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 5 (pros and cons list and discussion questions) and participation in discussion

#### Learning Outcomes Met:

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability
- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how organizations, markets, and institutions can help and/or hinder achievement of sustainable actions from the individual level to the societal level
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

### LAB 11 – Critical perspectives on technology for sustainability

**Preparation:** Submit homework #5 on sustainability innovations. Listen to Ezra Klein Podcast with L.M. Sacasas on the 41 Questions we should ask of the technologies and tools that shape our lives.

<https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/03/opinion/ezra-klein-podcast-lm-sacasas.html>

**Exercise:** Each student presents their innovation and associated write-up – students in the online section will submit 2–3-minute videos on Carmen. The class will discuss each innovation that has



been presented in light of the information provided in the podcast above as well as the foundational pillars from class. The class will also critically analyze innovations that have been submitted by previous classes

**Evaluation:** Homework submission and participation

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Describe how a scientific approach is important to examine the connections, tradeoffs, and synergies across environmental, economic, and social components that are involved in achieving sustainability goals
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

### LAB 12 – Community-based conservation

**Preparation:** Watch the documentary “Milking the Rhino” (available through university libraries) and write 3 discussion questions.

**Exercise:** As individuals, students will respond to a set of discussion questions about the film, including ones submitted by their classmates. **Small groups** will then discuss their responses and critically evaluate community-based conservation and eco-tourism as strategies for biodiversity conservation. Groups will be asked to pay special attention to differences in cultural perspectives on wildlife, cross-cultural tensions created by eco-tourism, gender differences in community-level governance and the long-term effects of development. Students will also be asked to think these strategies to the 12 foundational pillars for the course, with a focus on *social dilemmas, systems thinking, tradeoffs, and governance, power and inequality*

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 6 (written discussion questions) and participation in discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability
- Apply sustainability concepts to evaluate case studies that explore sustainability goals and outcomes of programs or policies at individual, organizational, community, regional, and global scales

## LAB 13 – Agriculture, biodiversity, and GMOs

### Preparation:

#### Read

Case Study for Chapter 14 in Duncan, Jancar-Webster, and Switky. 2009. World Politics in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century. Student Choice Edition. New York: Houghton Mifflin.

[http://college.cengage.com/polisci/duncan/world\\_politics\\_sce/1e/assets/students/case/duncan\\_1e\\_case\\_ch14.pdf](http://college.cengage.com/polisci/duncan/world_politics_sce/1e/assets/students/case/duncan_1e_case_ch14.pdf)

Lappe, Anna. 2011. The Battle for Biodiversity: Monsanto and Farmers Clash. The Atlantic. March 28 2011. <http://www.theatlantic.com/health/archive/2011/03/the-battle-for-biodiversity-monsanto-and-farmers-clash/73117/>

Aldhous, P. 2008. Genes for Greens. New Scientist. January 5, 2008  
<https://www.newscientist.com/article/mg19726372-900-could-new-gm-crops-please-the-greens/>

Hamblin, J. 2016. The Fading meaning of GMO. The Atlantic.  
<https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2016/05/plants-for-the-planet/483132/>

Regis, E. 2019. "The True Story of the Genetically Modified Superfood that Almost Saved Millions" Foreign Policy. October 17, 2019. <https://foreignpolicy.com/2019/10/17/golden-rice-genetically-modified-superfood-almost-saved-millions/#>

Regis, E. 2019. "Golden rice could save children. Until now, governments have barred it." Washington Post. November 11, 2019. <https://www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/2019/11/11/golden-rice-long-an-anti-gmo-target-may-finally-get-chance-help-children/>

**Submit homework #6** GMOs, agriculture and biodiversity and re-read assigned articles for homework #6

**Exercise:** In the laboratory section, students are assigned the role of a particular stakeholder and the background information on that stakeholder. The stakeholder perspectives were assigned for the homework assignment, and students answered questions on the homework from the perspective of the specific stakeholder. Each **small group** (comprised of different stakeholders) will then be assigned as an organization (and NGO, a government regulatory agency, or a company), and each group will have to devise a 25–100-word maximum policy statement about the use of GMOs on Bangladesh rice farms. Each stakeholder must agree with the policy statement. The groups will present their policy statements to the full discussion section and defend them.

**Evaluation:** Homework submission and participation in discussion

#### **Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Demonstrate an appreciation of how ecosystem function changes in response to human and nonhuman influences, how humans use and impact ecosystem services, and the implications of these human-environment interactions for sustainability

- Discuss their own ethics and values related to sustainability, the obstacles to changing their own behavior, and how those obstacles might apply to others

### LAB 14 – Revisiting our six words for sustainability

**Preparation:** No assigned materials

**Exercise:** Students will come to class with their original six words for sustainability assignment submission. Students will determine whether they still agree with their original six-word phrase. Students will have the opportunity to craft a new phrase based on what they have learned throughout the course. In addition, they will write an explanation of 200-400 words about why you chose to keep or change their original phrase. Students will discuss their new phrases and justifications in **small groups** and will be asked to focus on the key aspects of the class that resulted in a new phrase and perspective – or – the reasons that their original phrase aligns with the core material from the class.

**Evaluation:** Lab assignment 7 (six words revision) and participation in discussion

**Learning Outcomes Met:**

- Recall and critically assess various depictions, definitions, and conceptualizations of sustainability, sustainable development, and resilience.
- Compare and contrast key concepts and ideas in sustainability, economics, business, ecology and conservation biology, and community and international development.
- Exhibit independent thinking to understand the environmental, economic, and social components and trade-offs of sustainability

# Distance Approval Cover Sheet

## For Permanent DL/DH Approval

Course Number and Title: ENR/AEDE 2501 – Introduction to Sustainability

Faculty Preparer Name and Email: Jeremy Brooks ([brooks.719@osu.edu](mailto:brooks.719@osu.edu)) and Brent Sohngen ([sohngen.1@osu.edu](mailto:sohngen.1@osu.edu))

### Carmen Use

For more on use of Carmen: <https://teaching.resources.osu.edu/teaching-topics/carmen-common-sense-best-practices>

A Carmen site will be created for the course, including a syllabus and gradebook at minimum. YES

If no: Enter additional details if you responded no...

### Syllabus

Proposed syllabus uses the ODEE distance learning syllabus template (or own college distance learning syllabus template based on ODEE model), includes boilerplate language where required, as well as a clear description of the technical and academic support services offered, and how learners can obtain them. YES

Syllabus is consistent and is easy to understand from the student perspective. YES

Syllabus includes a schedule with dates and/or a description of what constitutes the beginning and end of a week or module. YES

If there are required synchronous sessions, the syllabus clearly states when they will happen and how to access them. YES

Additional comments (optional):

Enter any additional comments about syllabus...

### Instructor Presence

For more on instructor presence: <https://teaching.resources.osu.edu/teaching-topics/online-instructor-presence>

Students should have opportunities for regular and substantive academic interactions with the course instructor. Some ways to achieve this objective:

- Regular instructor communications with the class via announcements or weekly check-ins
- Instructional content, such as video, audio, or interactive lessons, that is visibly created or mediated by the instructor



- Regular participation in class discussion, such as in Carmen discussions or synchronous sessions
- Regular opportunities for students to receive personal instructor feedback on assignments

Please comment on this dimension of the proposed course (or select/explain methods above):

Students will have regular interactions with classmates and their instructors during synchronous lab sessions. Instructors will also create weekly "introduction" videos in which they synthesize what has been covered in the class and introduce the material that will be presented during the coming week. In addition, instructors and TAs will provide personal feedback on assignments and discussion prompts

## Delivery Well-Suited to DL/DH Environment

Technology questions adapted from the [Quality Matters](#) rubric. For information about Ohio State learning technologies: <https://teaching.resources.osu.edu/toolsets>

The tools used in the course support the learning outcomes and competencies. YES

Course tools promote learner engagement and active learning. YES

Technologies required in the course are current and readily obtainable. YES

Links are provided to privacy policies for all external tools required in the course. YES

Additional technology comments:

Enter any additional comments about course technology...

Which components of this course are planned for synchronous delivery and which for asynchronous delivery? (For DH, address what is planned for in-person meetings as well.)

The lecture material will be asynchronous and the lab sections will be synchronous

If you believe further explanation would be helpful, please comment on how course activities have been adjusted for distance learning:

Enter comments...

## Workload Estimation

For more information about calculating online instruction time: [ODEE Credit Hour Estimation](#)

Course credit hours align with estimated average weekly time to complete the course successfully. YES

Course includes direct (equivalent of "in-class") and indirect (equivalent of "out-of-class") instruction at a ratio of about 1:2. YES

Provide a brief outline of a typical course week, categorizing course activities and estimating the approximate time to complete them or participate:

Each week, students will:

**LECTURE** - view or listen to approximately **3 hours** of video lecture content that has been broken up into 7-10 minute segments (roughly 18-20 segments total). This video content will largely be created by instructors but may also include videos, films, podcasts, etc. that have been created by others. Students will work through this material each week. Students will have the opportunity to complete practice quizzes and respond to discussion prompts before completing a graded quiz at the end of most weeks.

**LAB SESSIONS** – participate in synchronous, online lab sessions that will involve individual work (e.g. responding to additional prompts, sharing data and analyses in videos or with posts), small group discussions, and discussions as a full lab section. These components of the lab will require an additional **2 hours** of work.

**READING and ASSIGNMENTS** - Throughout the week, students will also be required to read assigned materials that align with and complement that topics covered in lecture, take quizzes, and complete assigned homeworks. This work is expected to take about **3-4 hours** each week.

**LAB PREPARATION** - In addition, students will prepare for lab in a variety of ways (e.g. analyzing data, reading materials and developing discussion questions, watching a video and responding to questions) and will be ready to contribute to discussions during their synchronous lab sections. Preparation for the lab (reading or watching materials, developing questions, linking lab material with lecture material, collecting and/or analyzing data) will require students to engage in **3-4 hours** of work each week.

In the case of course delivery change requests, the course demonstrates comparable rigor in meeting course learning outcomes. **YES**

## Accessibility

For more information or a further conversation, contact the [accessibility coordinator](#) for the College of Arts and Sciences. For tools and training on accessibility: [Digital Accessibility Services](#)

Instructor(s) teaching the course will have taken Digital Accessibility training (starting in 2022) and will ensure all course materials and activities meet requirements for diverse learners, including alternate means of accessing course materials when appropriate. **YES**

Information is provided about the accessibility of all technologies required in the course. All third-party tools (tools without campus-wide license agreements) have their accessibility statements included. **YES**

Description of any anticipated accommodation requests and how they have been/will be addressed. **YES**

Additional comments:  
Enter any additional comments about accessibility...

## Academic Integrity

For more information: <https://go.osu.edu/teaching-resources-academic-integrity>

The course syllabus includes online-specific policies about academic integrity, including specific parameters for each major assignment: **YES**

Assignments are designed to deter cheating and plagiarism and/or course technologies such as online proctoring or plagiarism check or other strategies are in place to deter cheating: **YES**

Additional comments:  
Enter additional comments about academic integrity...

## Frequent, Varied Assignments/Assessments

For more information: <https://teaching.resources.osu.edu/teaching-topics/designing-assessments-student>



Student success in online courses is maximized when there are frequent, varied learning activities. Possible approaches:

- Opportunities for students to receive course information through a variety of different sources, including indirect sources, such as textbooks and lectures, and direct sources, such as scholarly resources and field observation
- Variety of assignment formats to provide students with multiple means of demonstrating learning
- Opportunities for students to apply course knowledge and skills to authentic, real-world tasks in assignments

Comment briefly on the frequency and variety of assignment types and assessment approaches used in this course (or select methods above):

The weekly labs that we have designed (see syllabus) involve a variety of assignments including video posts, discussions, data analysis, and personal reflections. The materials we assign for each lab also include a variety of media, such as podcasts, videos, popular articles, scholarly articles, etc. In all cases, the labs link concepts from the course to real-world, often personal, challenges and perspectives.

## Community Building

For more information: <https://teaching.resources.osu.edu/teaching-topics/student-interaction-online>

Students engage more fully in courses when they have an opportunity to interact with their peers and feel they are part of a community of learners. Possible approaches:

- Opportunities for students to interact academically with classmates through regular class discussion or group assignments
- Opportunities for students to interact socially with classmates, such as through video conference sessions or a course Q&A forum
- Attention is paid to other ways to minimize transactional distance (psychological and communicative gaps between students and their peers, instructor, course content, and institution)

Please comment on this dimension of the proposed course (or select methods above):

Students will attend synchronous lab sections and will therefore have an opportunity to interact with their fellow classmates through small-group and full-class discussions. Students will be randomly placed into peer groups for lab periods and will remain in those groups for the semester. This will allow them to build a peer network with 3-4 other students throughout the semester.

## Transparency and Metacognitive Explanations

For more information: <https://teaching.resources.osu.edu/teaching-topics/supporting-student-learning-your>

Students have successful, meaningful experiences when they understand how the components of a course connect together, when they have guidance on how to study, and when they are encouraged to take ownership of their learning. Possible approaches:

- Instructor explanations about the learning goals and overall design or organization of the course
- Context or rationale to explain the purpose and relevance of major tasks and assignments

- Guidance or resources for ancillary skills necessary to complete assignments, such as conducting library research or using technology tools
- Opportunities for students to take ownership or leadership in their learning, such as by choosing topics of interest for an assignment or leading a group discussion or meeting
- Opportunities for students to reflect on their learning process, including their goals, study strategies, and progress
- Opportunities for students to provide feedback on the course

Please comment on this dimension of the proposed course (or select methods above):

Instructors provide a description of the underlying logic of the course and learning objectives and how those relate to how the course is designed. Homework assignments include learning objectives specific to those assignments. Some homework assignments allow students to identify the topic (technology or innovation) that they will focus on. Students will fill out mid-semester surveys and will have opportunities to provide weekly feedback at the end of each lab section

## **Additional Considerations**

Comment on any other aspects of the online delivery not addressed above:  
Enter any additional considerations...





# GE THEME COURSES

## Overview

Courses that are accepted into the General Education (GE) Themes must meet two sets of Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs): those common for all GE Themes and one set specific to the content of the Theme. This form begins with the criteria common to all themes and has expandable sections relating to each specific theme.

A course may be accepted into more than one Theme if the ELOs for each theme are met. Courses seeing approval for multiple Themes will complete a submission document for each theme. Courses seeking approval as a 4-credit, Integrative Practices course need to complete a similar submission form for the chosen practice. It may be helpful to consult your Director of Undergraduate Studies or appropriate support staff person as you develop and submit your course.

Please enter text in the boxes to describe how your class will meet the ELOs of the Theme to which it applies. Please use language that is clear and concise and that colleagues outside of your discipline will be able to follow. You are encouraged to refer specifically to the syllabus submitted for the course, since the reviewers will also have that document. Because this document will be used in the course review and approval process, you should be as specific as possible, listing concrete activities, specific theories, names of scholars, titles of textbooks etc.

## **Course subject & number**

### General Expectations of All Themes

**GOAL 1: Successful students will analyze an important topic or idea at a more advanced and in-depth level than the foundations.**

**Please briefly identify the ways in which this course represents an advanced study of the focal theme.** In this context, “advanced” refers to courses that are e.g., synthetic, rely on research or cutting-edge findings, or deeply engage with the subject matter, among other possibilities. *(50-500 words)*

Course subject & number

**ELO 1.1 Engage in critical and logical thinking about the topic or idea of the theme.** Please link this ELO to the course goals and topics and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-700 words)

**ELO 1.2 Engage in an advanced, in-depth, scholarly exploration of the topic or idea of the theme.** Please link this ELO to the course goals and topics and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-700 words)

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Course subject & number

**GOAL 2: Successful students will integrate approaches to the theme by making connections to out-of-classroom experiences with academic knowledge or across disciplines and/or to work they have done in previous classes and that they anticipate doing in future.**

**ELO 2.1 Identify, describe, and synthesize approaches or experiences as they apply to the theme.**

Please link this ELO to the course goals and topics and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-700 words)

**ELO 2.2 Demonstrate a developing sense of self as a learner through reflection, self-assessment, and creative work, building on prior experiences to respond to new and challenging contexts.** Please link this ELO to the course goals and topics and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met.

(50-700 words)

Course subject & number

## Specific Expectations of Courses in Sustainability

**GOAL 1: Students analyze and explain how social and natural systems function, interact, and evolve over time; how human wellbeing depends on these interactions; how actions have impacts on subsequent generations and societies globally; and how human values, behaviors, and institutions impact multi-faceted, potential solutions across time.**

**1.1 Describe elements of the fundamental dependence of humans on Earth and environmental systems and on the resilience of these systems.** Please link this ELO to the course goals and topics and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-700 words)

Course subject & number

**1.2 Describe, analyze and critique the roles and impacts of human activity and technology on both human society and the natural world, in the past, currently, and in the future.** Please link this ELO to the course goals and topics and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-700 words)

**1.3 Devise informed and meaningful responses to problems and arguments in the area of sustainability based on the interpretation of appropriate evidence and an explicit statement of values.** Please link this ELO to the course goals and topics and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-700 words)

# Interdisciplinary Team-Taught Course Inventory

## Overview

The GE allows students to take a single, 4+ credit course to satisfy a particular GE Theme requirement if that course includes key practices that are recognized as integrative and high impact. Courses seeking one of these designations need to provide a completed Integrative Practices Inventory at the time of course submission. This will be evaluated with the rest of the course materials (syllabus, Theme Course submission document, etc). Approved Integrative Practices courses will need to participate in assessment both for their Theme category and for their integrative practice.

Please enter text in the boxes below to describe how your class will meet the expectations of Interdisciplinary Team-Taught courses. It may be helpful to consult the Description & Expectations document for this pedagogical practice or to consult your Director of Undergraduate Studies or appropriate support staff person as you complete this Inventory and submit your course.

Please use language that is clear and concise and that colleagues outside of your discipline will be able to follow. You are encouraged to refer specifically to the syllabus submitted for the course, since the reviewers will also have that document. Because this document will be used in the course review and approval process, you should be as specific as possible, listing concrete activities, specific theories, names of scholars, titles of textbooks etc.

## Accessibility

If you have a disability and have trouble accessing this document or need to receive it in another format, please reach out to Meg Daly at [daly.66@osu.edu](mailto:daly.66@osu.edu) or call 614-247-8412.

## Pedagogical Practices for Interdisciplinary Team-Taught Courses

Course subject & number

**Performance expectations set at appropriately high levels (e.g. Students investigate large, complex problems from multiple disciplinary perspectives).** Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

## Interdisciplinary Team-Taught Course Inventory

**Significant investment of time and effort by students over an extended period of time (e.g., engage the issue iteratively, analyzing with various lenses and seeking to construct an integrative synthesis).** Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

**Interactions with faculty and peers about substantive matters including regular, meaningful faculty mentoring and peer support about conducting interdisciplinary inquiry.** Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

## Interdisciplinary Team-Taught Course Inventory

**Students will get frequent, timely, and constructive feedback on their work, scaffolding multiple disciplinary perspectives and integrative synthesis to build over time.** Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

**Periodic, structured opportunities to reflect and integrate learning (e. g. students should work to integrate their insights and construct a more comprehensive perspective on the issue).** Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)



## Interdisciplinary Team-Taught Course Inventory

**Opportunities to discover relevance of learning through real-world applications and the integration of course content to contemporary global issues and contexts.** Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

**Public Demonstration of competence, such as a significant public communication of their integrative analysis of the issue.** Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

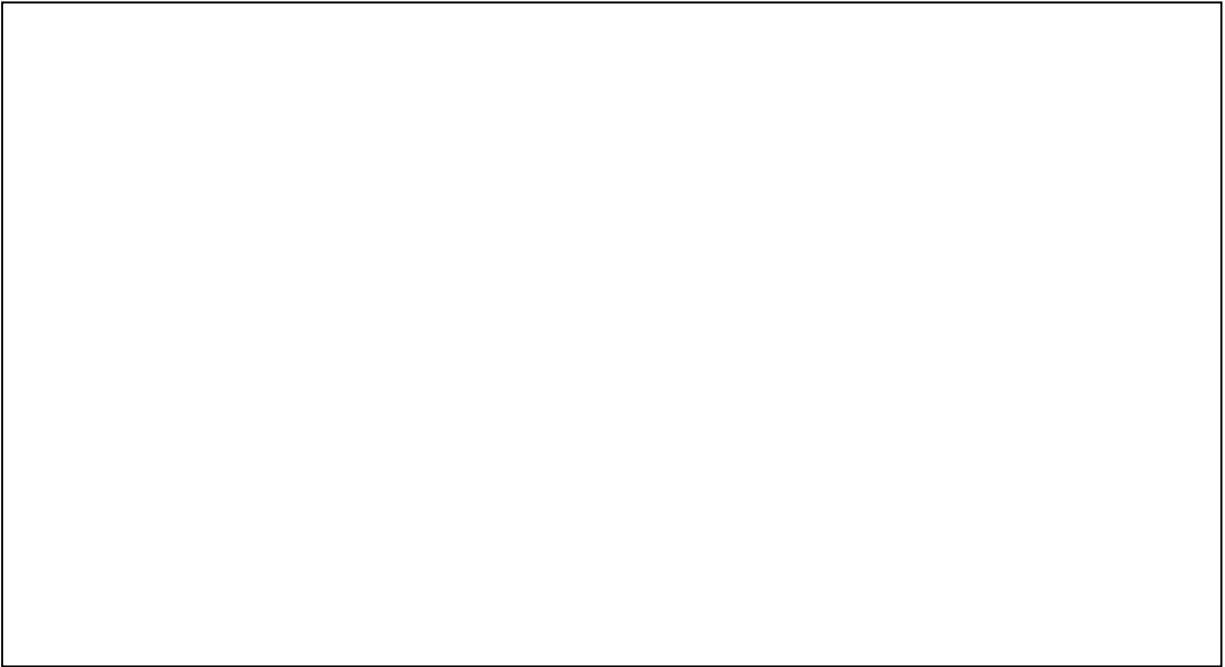
## Interdisciplinary Team-Taught Course Inventory

**Experiences with diversity wherein students demonstrate intercultural competence and empathy with people and worldview frameworks that may differ from their own.** Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

**Explicit and intentional efforts to promote inclusivity and a sense of belonging and safety for students, e.g. universal design principles, culturally responsive pedagogy, structured development of cultural self-awareness.** Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

## Interdisciplinary Team-Taught Course Inventory

**Clear plans to promote this course to a diverse student body and increase enrollment of typically underserved populations of students.** Please link this expectation to the course goals, topics and activities and indicate *specific* activities/assignments through which it will be met. (50-500 words)

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